

# Labour Market

June 2026



## Introduction

This Labour Market report presents information on jobs in Jersey in June 2026. Job numbers presented in this report are a **count of jobs filled** and are not a count of unique individual employees. Some individuals are counted more than once if they are employed in more than one job with different undertakings. Employees working for an employer and employees who employ themselves (individuals who are self-employed) are both included in the figures presented in this report and are collectively referred to as employees.

In respect of reporting on the public sector, please note that the Labour Market report and the [Public Sector Staffing Statistics](#) produced by the Government of Jersey differ in scope. The Labour Market report covers the wider public sector<sup>1</sup> (such as the 12 Parishes, which employ around 460 staff), not solely the Government of Jersey. For more detail please see our [Employment Statistics Explainer](#).

## Context

Changes were made to residence and employment regulations [on 14 September 2026](#). As this report only includes statistics up to June 2026, these changes do not affect this report. In future labour market reports for December 2026 onwards the new "licensed for lease only" status will be grouped with the existing licensed status, and the registered status will be renamed to "standard".

## Summary

### In June 2026

The [total number of jobs](#) was **65,790**.<sup>2</sup> This comprised 55,740 jobs in the private sector and 10,050 jobs in the public sector. The overall, private, and public sector totals were the highest recorded.

There was an **annual increase of 440 jobs (up 0.7%)** since June 2025.

In the [private sector](#) there was an **annual increase of 330 jobs (up 0.6%)**.

In the [public sector](#) there was an **annual increase of 110 jobs (up 1.1%)**, driven by growth in core staff within Health and Care Jersey, partially offset by reductions in other departments.

### In the private sector at the sectoral level<sup>3</sup>

- Two sectors recorded notable **annual increases** in jobs:
  - **440 jobs** in [private education, health and other services](#) (up 5%)
  - **80 jobs** in [finance and legal activities](#) (up 1%)
- Two sectors saw notable **annual decreases** in jobs:
  - **130 jobs** in [wholesale and retail](#) (down 2%)
  - **50 jobs** in [hotels, restaurants and bars](#) (down 1%)

### Compared with five years ago

- There was an **increase of 3,250 all sector jobs (up 5.2%)** from June 2021.
  - [Private sector](#) jobs increased by 1,990 (up 3.7%) over five years.
  - [Public sector](#) jobs increased by 1,260 (up 14.3%) from June 2021 to June 2026

<sup>1</sup> See the section on the [public sector](#) for definitions and further detail.

<sup>2</sup> Numbers presented throughout this report have been rounded independently to the nearest 10.

<sup>3</sup> Undertakings are classified into sectors using the UK SIC 2007 system. See the [notes on classifications](#) for more details.

## Total number of jobs

In June 2026, the total number of jobs in Jersey was 65,790. There were 55,740 jobs in the private sector and 10,050 jobs in the public sector; these sectors are defined in the [notes](#). The total job count from 2000 to 2026 is illustrated in [Figure 1](#); changes in reporting requirements over this period are detailed in the [notes](#). Job counts for the last five years for the private and public sectors, and the whole workforce are shown in [Table 1](#).

Figure 1: In June 2026 the total number of jobs saw an annual increase of 0.6%

Total jobs in Jersey in June and December for 2000 to 2026

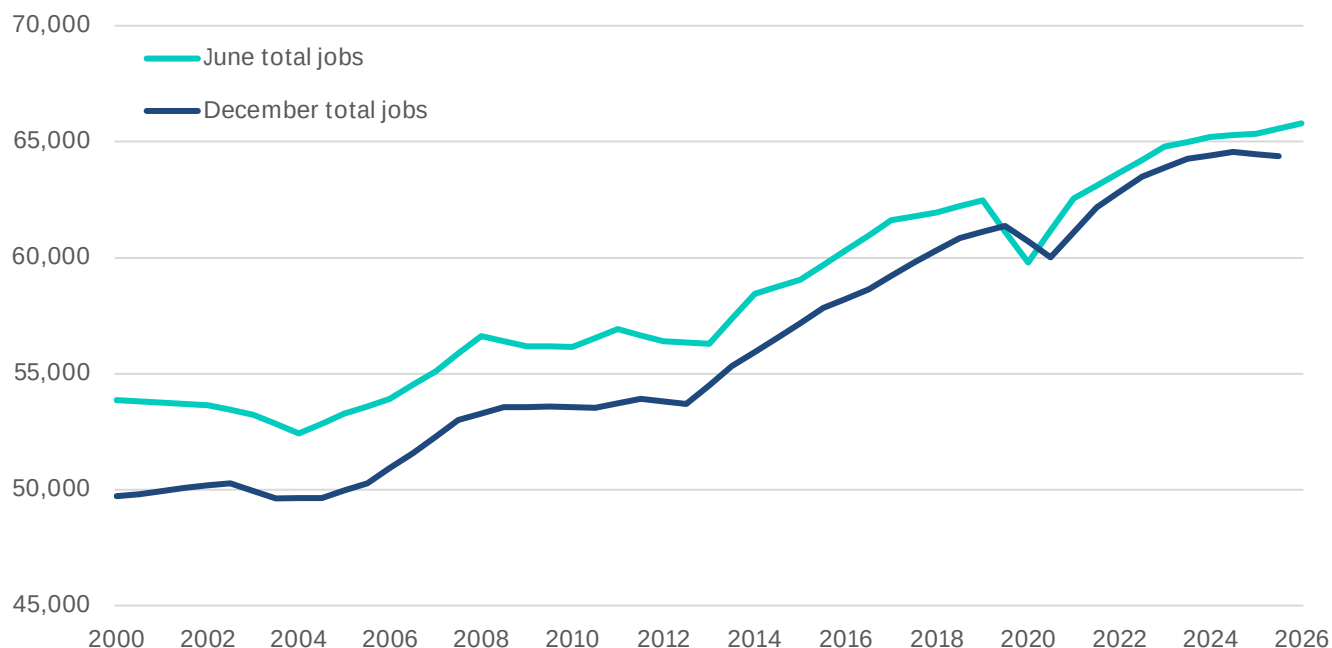


Table 1: Total job count for the private and public sectors, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sector  | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Private | 53,750 | 53,370 | 54,810 | 54,430 | 55,520 | 54,810 | 55,500 | 54,680 | 55,410 | 54,420 | 55,740 |
| Public  | 8,790  | 8,790  | 8,840  | 9,070  | 9,270  | 9,450  | 9,710  | 9,880  | 9,940  | 9,950  | 10,050 |
| Total   | 62,540 | 62,160 | 63,650 | 63,500 | 64,780 | 64,260 | 65,210 | 64,560 | 65,350 | 64,370 | 65,790 |

The total number of jobs in June 2026 was 440 higher than in June 2025, representing an annual increase of 0.7%. This brought the total number of jobs to the highest recorded total.

The annual increase comprised an increase of 330 jobs in the private sector (up 0.6%), and an increase of 110 jobs in the public sector (up 1.1%). The number of jobs in both the private and public sectors in June 2026 were the highest recorded to date.

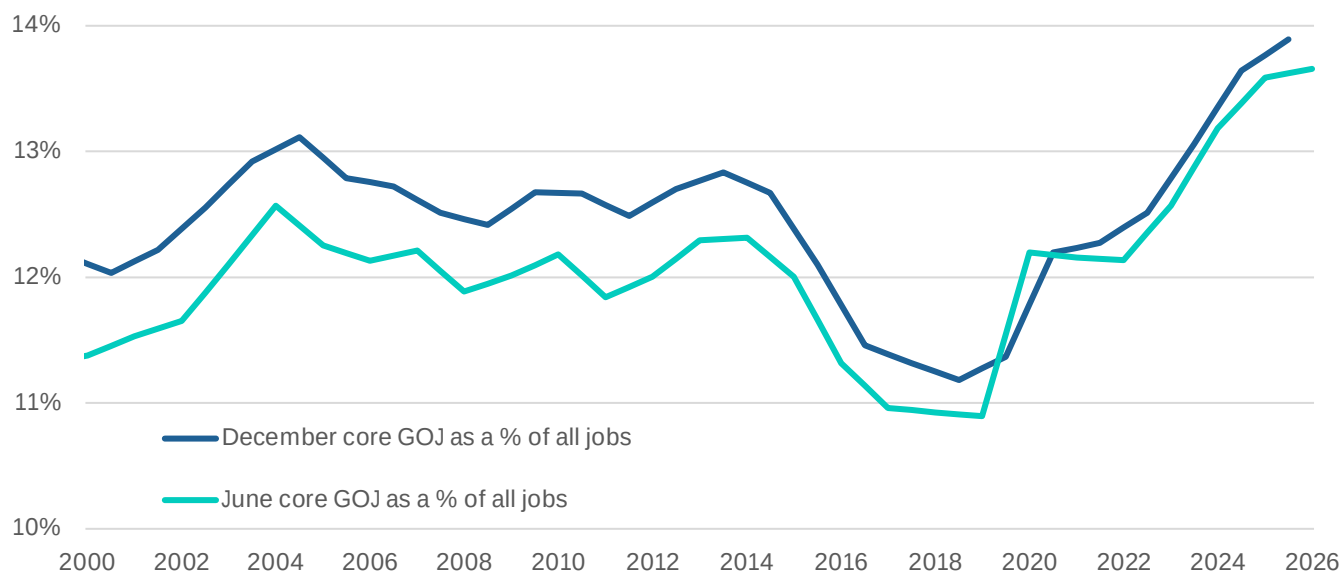
Over the five years since June 2021, the number of workforce jobs increased by 3,250, a 5.2% increase. This comprised a net increase of 1,990 jobs (3.7%) in the private sector and a net increase of 1,260 jobs (14.3%) in the public sector; see [Appendix Table A1](#) and the chapter on the [public sector](#) for more details.

On a six-monthly basis, the number of jobs in Jersey exhibits seasonal variation; with the exception of 2020,<sup>4</sup> the December total has been lower than the previous June.

<sup>4</sup> 2020 was affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and associated public health measures; see [Figure 3](#).

The number of workforce jobs is driven by the private sector, which contains 85% of the total. [Figure 2](#) highlights the proportion of all jobs that were Government of Jersey (GOJ) core jobs over this period.<sup>5</sup> The proportion of all jobs in Jersey that were Government of Jersey core jobs in June 2026, 13.7%, was above the June mean for the last two decades (12.0%). The proportion was more variable when the seasonal variation in total jobs was larger; for 2000 to 2015, the June mean was 12.0% and the December mean was 12.6%.

Figure 2: GoJ core jobs increased to 13.7% of all jobs in June 2026, up 0.1 from June 2025  
Government of Jersey core jobs as a percentage of all jobs, 2000 to 2026



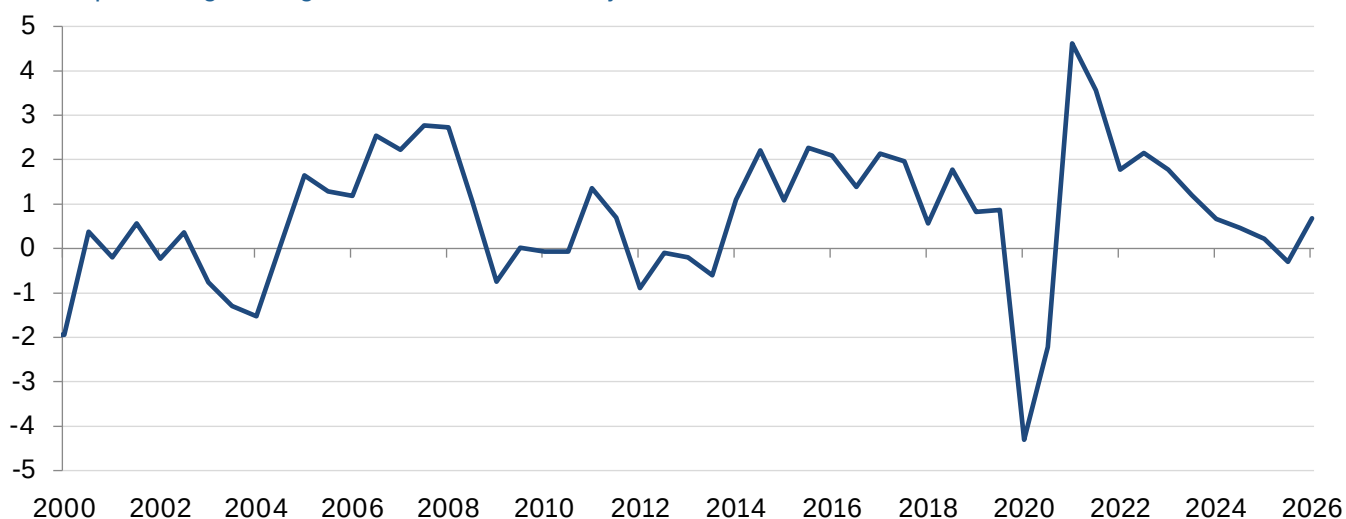
[Figure 3](#) illustrates the percentage change in workforce jobs since 2000. Between 2005 and 2008, the total number of jobs grew at an annual rate of between 1% and 3%. After the Global Financial Crisis, from 2009 to 2013 the number of jobs was relatively flat, with periods of smaller growth and decline. Following this, from 2014 to 2019 there were annual increases in jobs of between 0.5% and 2.5%.

Both June and December 2020 recorded notable decreases in employment, reflecting the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, with annual declines of 4.3% and 2.2%, respectively. These were followed by annual increases of 4.6% in June 2021 and 3.6% in December 2021. The December 2021 increase was the largest December percentage change recorded since the Regulation of Undertakings and Development Law (RUDL) made manpower returns mandatory in 1998, and the second largest percentage increase, with the largest being the increase of 4.6% in June 2021. The June 2021 total was at a similar level to June 2019 with 70 more jobs. In June 2022 the annual increase was 1.8%, or 1,180 more than in June 2019, consistent with the average annual change observed between 2017 and 2019 had that trend continued.

<sup>5</sup> Comparisons for the whole public sector over this period are not possible, as parishes did not complete manpower returns until 2013. For more details on the public sector, see the [notes](#).

Figure 3: Workforce jobs saw a slight annual increase of 0.7% in June 2026

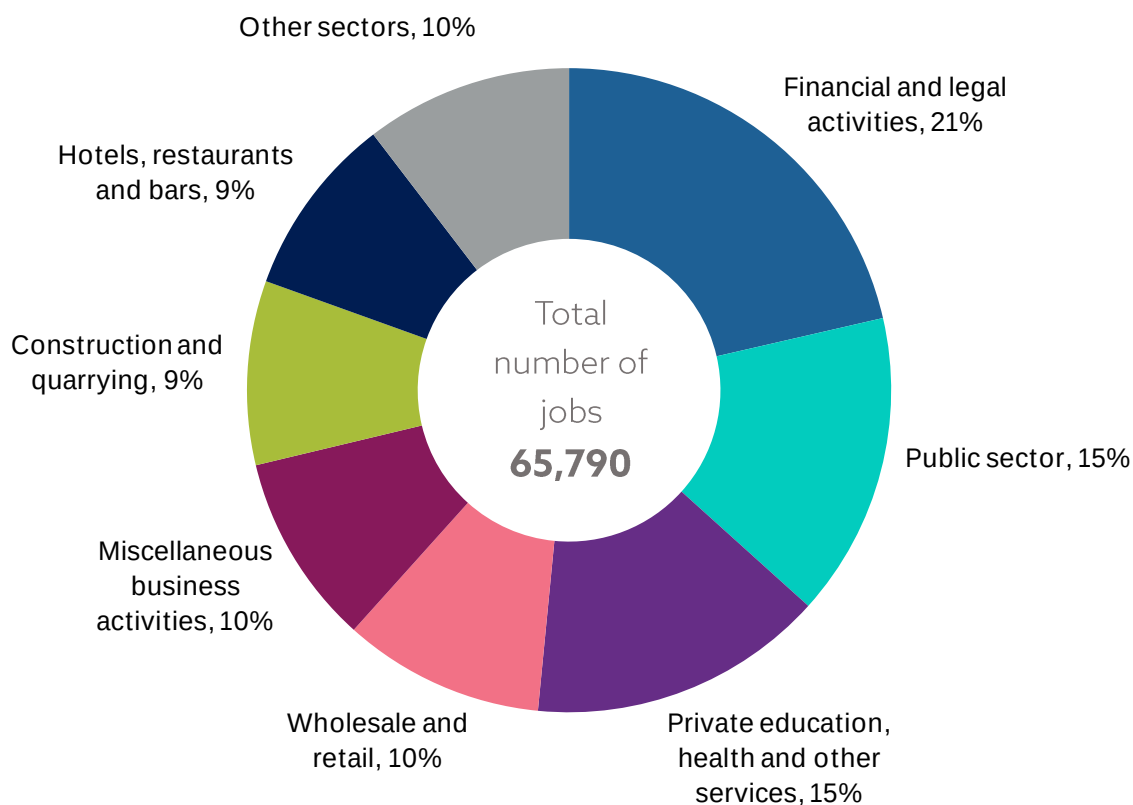
Annual percentage change in the total number of jobs from 2000 to 2026



In June 2026 there was a slight annual increase of 0.7%, essentially the same as two years ago in June 2024 (which also saw a 0.7% increase). This offsets a marginal decrease of 0.3% in December 2025, which, except for decreases in 2020 during the pandemic, was the first decrease since December 2013.

Figure 4: Financial and legal activities was the largest sector in June 2026, with 21% of workforce jobs

Percentage of total jobs by sector, June 2026



## Employment status

Jobs in June 2026 by employment status, overall and for the private and public sectors, are shown in [Table 2](#).

Table 2: Number of jobs by employment status, June 2026

| Sector     | Full-time | Part-time | Zero-hours | Unknown | All employment statuses |
|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Private    | 41,220    | 7,720     | 6,370      | 430     | 55,740                  |
| Public     | 8,350     | 1,100     | 600        | 0       | 10,050                  |
| Total jobs | 49,570    | 8,830     | 6,970      | 430     | 65,790                  |

In June 2026, three-quarters (75%) of all jobs filled were full-time. There were 6,970 jobs filled on zero-hours contracts, representing 11% of jobs. The remaining 14% of jobs were predominantly part-time.

Comparing the private and public sectors, 74% of private sector jobs were full-time compared to 83% for the public sector. In the private sector 11% of jobs were zero-hours, which was higher than in the public sector (6%). Similarly in the private sector 14% of jobs were part-time, higher than in the public sector where the proportion was 11%.

## Residential status

[Table 3](#) shows the residential status<sup>6</sup> of employees currently filling roles in June 2026, overall and for the private and public sectors. Later sections provide more details on residential status for the [private](#) and [public](#) sectors.

Table 3: Number of jobs by residential status of current post holder, June 2026

| Sector     | Entitled /<br>entitled for work | Licensed | Registered | Exempt | All residential<br>statuses |
|------------|---------------------------------|----------|------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| Private    | 47,190                          | 2,460    | 5,660      | 430    | 55,740                      |
| Public     | 8,580                           | 1,150    | 240        | 80     | 10,050                      |
| Total jobs | 55,770                          | 3,610    | 5,900      | 510    | 65,790                      |

The exempt status is detailed in the CHWL<sup>7</sup> and covers staff who have registered or licensed residential status but their employer is exempt from counting them as such for business licencing purposes.

In June 2026, 85% of jobs were filled by employees with entitled or entitled for work status, in both the private and public sectors. Over the last decade, these proportions have decreased by 1 pp for the private sector (86% in June 2016) and 6 pp for the public sector (92% in June 2016).

The proportion of jobs filled by registered and licensed staff are illustrated below for the private sector ([Figure 5](#)) and public sector ([Figure 6](#)). The public sector had a larger proportion of jobs filled by licensed employees (11%) than the private sector (4%), and a smaller proportion filled by registered employees (2% and 10% respectively). In the last decade, the proportion of jobs filled by licensed staff has increased by 2 pp in the private sector and 4 pp in the public sector.

<sup>6</sup> As detailed in the [methodology](#), the data source for residential statuses changed in January 2022.

<sup>7</sup> The [Control of Housing and Work \(Exemptions\) \(Jersey\) Order 2013](#).

Figure 5: In the last decade, licensed jobs increased from 2% to 4% of private sector jobs  
Number of private sector jobs by residential status, December 2013 to June 2026

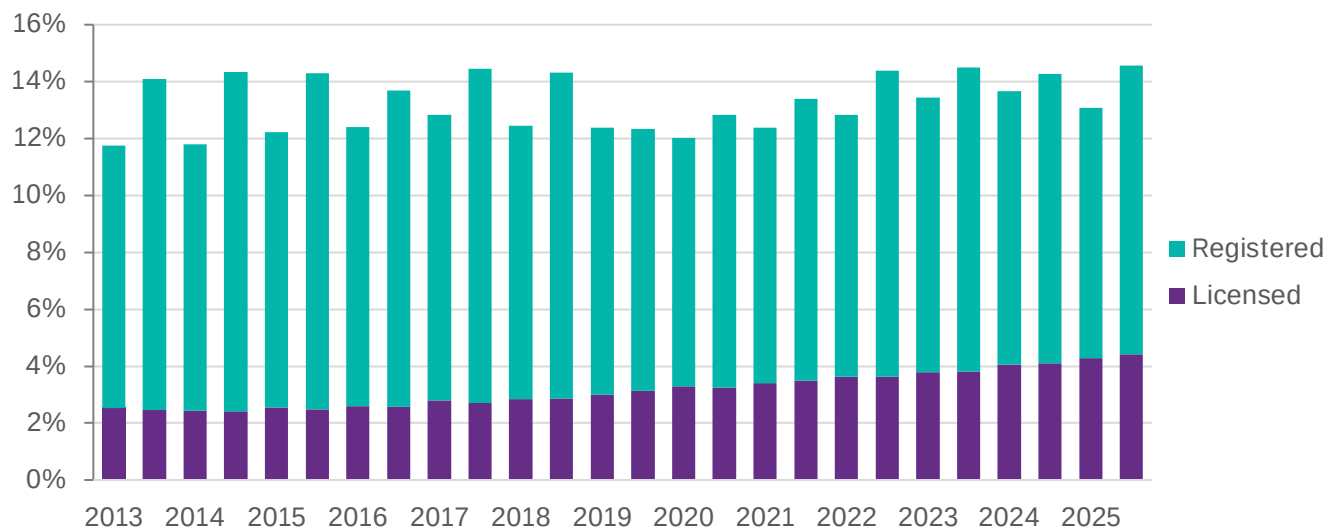
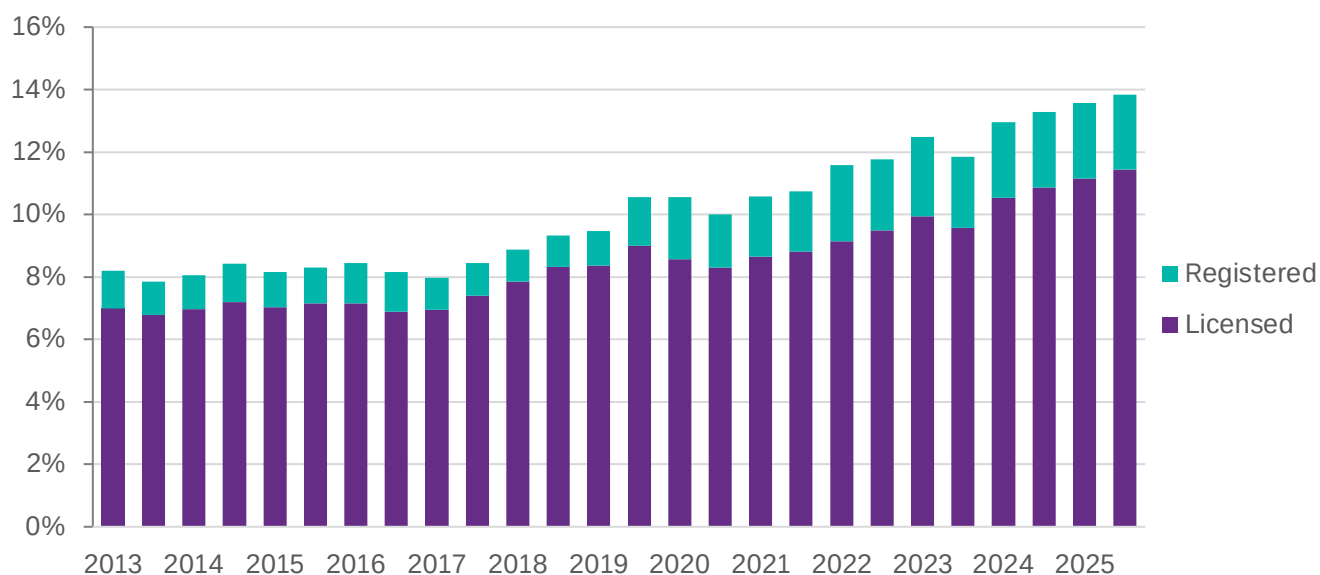


Figure 6: In the last decade, licensed jobs increased from 7% to 11% of public sector jobs  
Number of public sector jobs by residential status, December 2013 to June 2026



## Private sector

### Employment status

[Figure 7](#) illustrates the number of jobs in the private sector in June by employment status, from 2014 to 2026; note that as full-time jobs were approximately 75% of all jobs over the period, they have been plotted on the right-hand axis to allow for changes in the different statuses to be more easily compared. [Table 4](#) shows June job counts from 2016 to 2026. For a breakdown by sector, see [Appendix Table A3](#).

Figure 7: There was an annual increase of 280 zero-hour jobs (5%)

Number of private sector jobs in June by employment status, 2014 to 2026

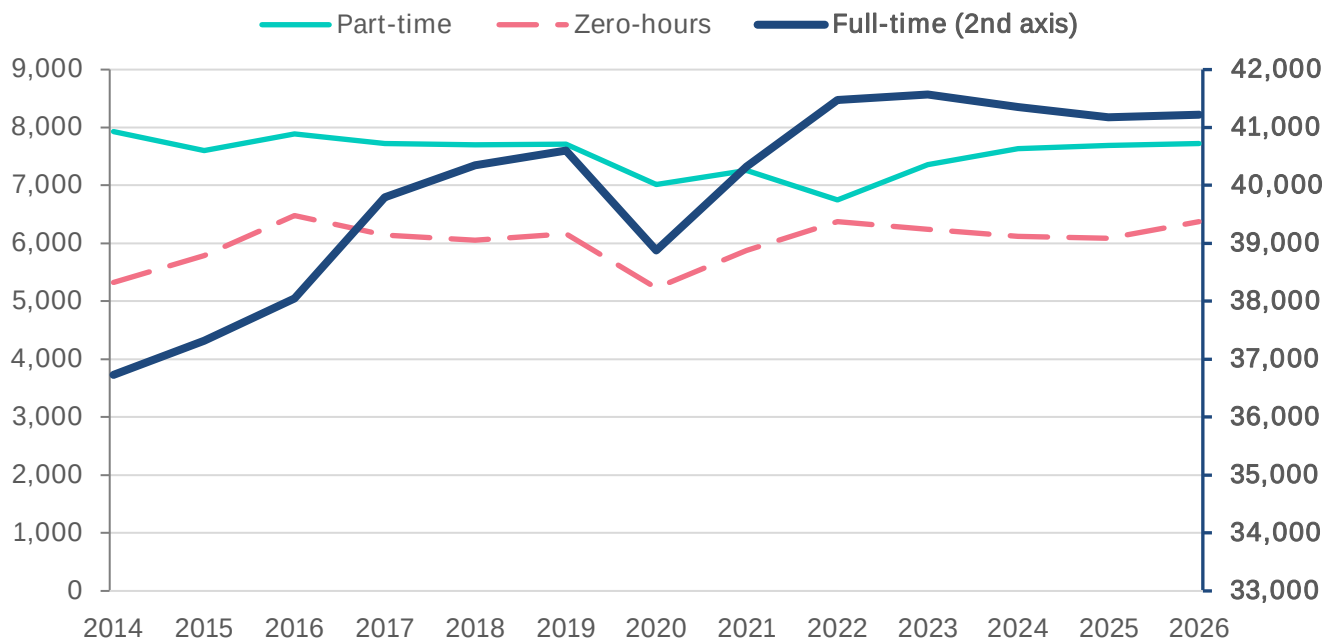


Table 4: Number of private sector jobs in June by employment status, 2016 to 2026

| Employment status | Jun 16 | Jun 17 | Jun 18 | Jun 19 | Jun 20 | Jun 21 | Jun 22 | Jun 23 | Jun 24 | Jun 25 | Jun 26 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Full-time         | 38,050 | 39,800 | 40,350 | 40,600 | 38,880 | 40,330 | 41,480 | 41,570 | 41,350 | 41,180 | 41,220 |
| Part-time         | 7,890  | 7,720  | 7,700  | 7,710  | 7,020  | 7,260  | 6,750  | 7,360  | 7,630  | 7,690  | 7,720  |
| Zero-hours        | 6,480  | 6,140  | 6,060  | 6,170  | 5,230  | 5,880  | 6,370  | 6,240  | 6,120  | 6,090  | 6,370  |
| Unknown           | 70     | 110    | 140    | 170    | 310    | 280    | 220    | 360    | 410    | 450    | 430    |
| Private sector    | 52,480 | 53,770 | 54,250 | 54,660 | 51,440 | 53,750 | 54,810 | 55,520 | 55,500 | 55,410 | 55,740 |

In June 2026, just under three-quarters (74%) of private sector jobs were full-time, 14% were part-time, and 11% were filled on zero-hours contracts.

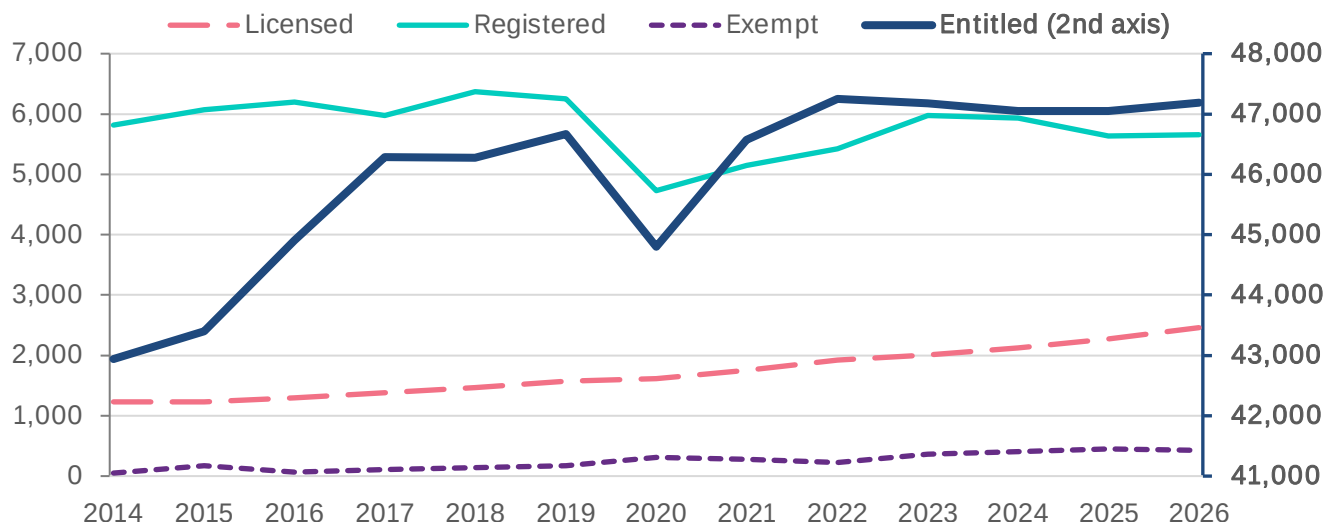
The annual increase of 330 jobs in the private sector was driven by increases of 280 zero-hours jobs (up 5%). Private sector full-time and part-time jobs both saw essentially no change (0%) on an annual basis.

## Residential status

[Figure 8](#) illustrates the number of private sector jobs in June by the residential status of the current post holder from 2014 to 2026; note that as jobs filled by entitled and entitled for work staff were approximately 87% of all jobs over the period, they have been plotted on the right-hand axis to allow for changes in the different statuses to be more easily compared. [Table 5](#) shows the job counts in June from 2016 to 2026. For a breakdown by sector, see [Appendix Table A4](#).

Figure 8: There was an annual increase of 190 jobs (8%) filled by licensed staff

Number of private sector jobs in June by residential status, 2014 to 2026



The annual increase of 330 jobs in the private sector was driven by increases of 190 jobs filled by licensed employees (up 8%) and 140 jobs filled by entitled and entitled for work staff (0% change). There were essentially no changes in jobs filled by registered and exempt staff.

Over the last five years since June 2021:

- jobs filled by licensed staff increased by 710 (up 41%)
- jobs filled by entitled and entitled for work staff increased by 620 (up 1%)
- jobs filled by registered staff increased by 510 (up 10%)

Table 5: Number of private sector jobs in June by residential status, 2016 to 2026

| Residential status           | Jun 16 | Jun 17 | Jun 18 | Jun 19 | Jun 20 | Jun 21 | Jun 22 | Jun 23 | Jun 24 | Jun 25 | Jun 26 |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Entitled / entitled for work | 44,910 | 46,290 | 46,280 | 46,670 | 44,800 | 46,570 | 47,250 | 47,180 | 47,050 | 47,050 | 47,190 |
| Licensed                     | 1,300  | 1,380  | 1,470  | 1,570  | 1,610  | 1,750  | 1,920  | 2,010  | 2,120  | 2,270  | 2,460  |
| Registered                   | 6,200  | 5,980  | 6,370  | 6,250  | 4,730  | 5,150  | 5,420  | 5,970  | 5,930  | 5,640  | 5,660  |
| Exempt                       | 70     | 110    | 140    | 170    | 310    | 280    | 220    | 360    | 410    | 450    | 430    |
| Private sector               | 52,480 | 53,770 | 54,250 | 54,660 | 51,440 | 53,750 | 54,810 | 55,520 | 55,500 | 55,410 | 55,740 |

The number of jobs filled by licensed staff in June 2026 was 190 higher than in June 2025, and was the highest recorded since the current residential statuses were introduced in December 2013.<sup>8</sup> Since June 2015 there have been consistent increases in jobs filled by licensed staff, with the figure in each report being the highest on record at the time; see [Figure 5](#).

Details of residential status by sector are covered in the [sectoral breakdown](#) and in [Appendix Table A4](#).

### Employment status and residential status

Considering both employment status and residential status together, the largest category of jobs has consistently been full-time positions filled by individuals classified as "entitled" or "entitled for work". This "core private sector" group has averaged nearly two-thirds (64%) of private sector jobs since residential statuses began being recorded in December 2013.<sup>8</sup> Since June 2023, there have been consistent annual decreases in this category every June and December. Most recently from June 2025 to June 2026, there was a further annual decrease of 160 jobs in the core private sector category.

Prior to the introduction of the Control of Housing and Work Law (CHWL), the Regulation of Undertakings and Development Law (RUDL)<sup>9</sup> used the category "locally qualified", which closely corresponds to the "entitled" or "entitled for work" category under CHWL. Full-time locally qualified jobs are therefore considered core private sector positions until June 2013. Only two periods saw annual declines in core private sector jobs before 2013: June 2003 to December 2004 and June 2009 to December 2009. Both of these periods, as well as the 2020 decline, coincided with increases in registered unemployment (individuals registered actively seeking work). June 2023 to June 2026 is consistent with these periods as in each round there was a decrease in core private sector jobs, and there were annual increases in registered unemployment for each round from December 2023 to June 2026;<sup>10</sup> overall there has been an increase of 19% from December 2022 to June 2026 (130 people).

Except for full-time entitled, the other categories that recorded annual changes of at least 100 jobs were:

- +220 zero-hours jobs filled by entitled and entitled for work staff
- +190 full-time jobs filled by licensed staff

The private sector overall recorded a net annual increase of 330 jobs (0.6%).

Details of employment status and residential status by sector are covered in [Appendix Table A5](#).

<sup>8</sup> The [Control of Housing and Work \(2012\) Law](#) (CHWL) came into effect in July 2013, with December 2013 being the first manpower return collected under this law.

<sup>9</sup> The [Regulation of Undertakings and Development Law](#) (RUDL) was in effect from June 1998 to July 2013, when it was superseded by the Control of Housing and Work Law.

<sup>10</sup> Source: Employment, Social Security, and Housing dept [opendata.gov.je/620dataset/back-to-work/resource/ef069920-c5a2-4c05-b0e0-2afcfe067309](https://opendata.gov.je/620dataset/back-to-work/resource/ef069920-c5a2-4c05-b0e0-2afcfe067309)

## Number of undertakings

In June 2026, there were 8,810 active undertakings<sup>11</sup> in the private sector that employed staff, 61% of which were single-person undertakings. Note the single-person undertaking category includes self-employed individuals who do not employ others. [Table 6](#) shows the number of private sector undertakings by sector and number of employees. In June 2026, 90% of undertakings employed fewer than 10 staff, a proportion that has grown slightly over the last two decades (85% in June 2006).

**Table 6: Private sector undertakings by number of employees, June 2026**

| Sector                                       | 1            | 2-5          | 6-9        | 10-19      | 20-49      | 50+        | Total        |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| Agriculture and fishing                      | 90           | 40           | 20         | 20         | 10         | +          | 180          |
| Manufacturing; utilities and waste           | 200          | 70           | 20         | 20         | 10         | 10         | 330          |
| Construction and quarrying                   | 920          | 410          | 120        | 70         | 40         | 10         | 1,570        |
| Wholesale and retail                         | 410          | 240          | 80         | 60         | 20         | 20         | 830          |
| Hotels, restaurants and bars                 | 120          | 180          | 70         | 70         | 40         | 20         | 490          |
| Transport and storage                        | 240          | 40           | 10         | 10         | 10         | 10         | 310          |
| Information and communication                | 300          | 90           | 20         | 20         | 10         | 10         | 440          |
| Financial and legal activities               | 310          | 200          | 60         | 50         | 50         | 70         | 730          |
| Miscellaneous business activities            | 1,360        | 410          | 80         | 70         | 30         | 10         | 1,950        |
| Private education, health and other services | 1,400        | 320          | 80         | 80         | 70         | 30         | 1,980        |
| <b>Total private sector undertakings</b>     | <b>5,350</b> | <b>2,000</b> | <b>560</b> | <b>430</b> | <b>290</b> | <b>190</b> | <b>8,810</b> |

+: non-zero less than 5

The total number of undertakings in June 2026 was 350 higher than a year earlier. The increase was driven by an increase of 370 single-person undertakings; see [Table 7](#) and [Figure 9](#). The annual increase was higher than the average annual increase of 180 for the last decade.

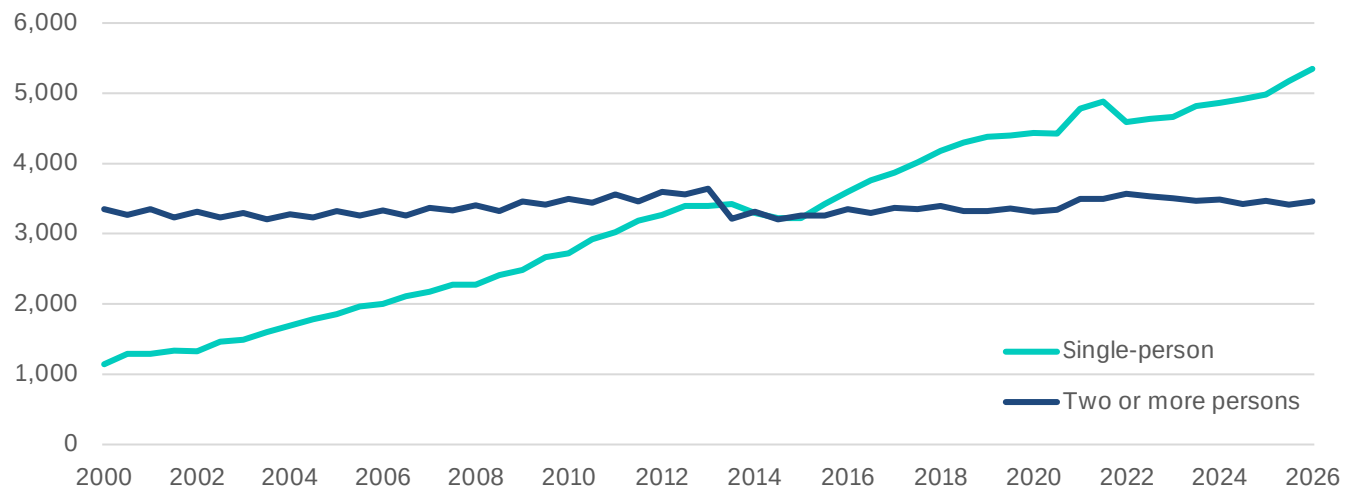
**Table 7: Number of private sector undertakings, June 2021 to June 2026**

| Undertaking size                         | Jun 21       | Dec 21       | Jun 22       | Dec 22       | Jun 23       | Dec 23       | Jun 24       | Dec 24       | Jun 25       | Dec 25       | Jun 26       |
|------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Single-person                            | 4,780        | 4,880        | 4,590        | 4,640        | 4,660        | 4,820        | 4,870        | 4,920        | 4,980        | 5,170        | 5,350        |
| Two or more persons                      | 3,490        | 3,500        | 3,570        | 3,530        | 3,500        | 3,470        | 3,480        | 3,430        | 3,470        | 3,410        | 3,460        |
| <b>Total private sector undertakings</b> | <b>8,280</b> | <b>8,380</b> | <b>8,170</b> | <b>8,170</b> | <b>8,160</b> | <b>8,290</b> | <b>8,350</b> | <b>8,350</b> | <b>8,460</b> | <b>8,580</b> | <b>8,810</b> |

<sup>11</sup> Undertakings include businesses (both employers and self-employed individuals), charities, and any other organisations that employ staff in Jersey and are required to register for a business licence under the [Control of Housing and Work \(2012\) Law](#).

Figure 9: There was an annual increase of 370 single-person undertakings in June 2026

Number of private sector undertakings, single-person compared with two or more persons, 2000 to 2026



In the last five years since June 2021, the total number of private sector undertakings increased by 530. This increase was driven by single-person undertakings, which increased by 570.

The number of active undertakings is affected by changes in administrative processes for identifying undertakings that are inactive or have ceased trading; see the [methodology](#) for details of recent changes.

[Table 8](#) details the number of single-person undertakings by sector, over the last decade. The service sectors – private education, health and other services, and miscellaneous business activities – drove most of the growth over the last 10 years, with 63% of the growth in single-person undertakings coming from these sectors. In June 2026 these sectors formed 51% of single-person undertakings.

Table 8: 63% of growth in single-person undertakings in the last decade was in the service sectors (private education, health and other services and miscellaneous business activities sectors)

Number of single-person private undertakings by sector, June 2016, June 2021, and June 2026

| Sector                                       | Jun 16 | Jun 21 | Jun 26 | 10-yearly change | 10-yearly % change |
|----------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------------------|--------------------|
| Agriculture and fishing                      | 60     | 90     | 90     | 30               | 50%                |
| Manufacturing; Utilities and waste           | 150    | 210    | 200    | 50               | 33%                |
| Construction and quarrying                   | 640    | 790    | 920    | 280              | 44%                |
| Wholesale and retail                         | 380    | 460    | 410    | 30               | 8%                 |
| Hotels, restaurants and bars                 | 130    | 150    | 120    | -10              | -8%                |
| Transport and storage                        | 210    | 240    | 240    | 30               | 14%                |
| Information and communication                | 170    | 260    | 300    | 130              | 76%                |
| Financial and legal activities               | 200    | 270    | 310    | 110              | 55%                |
| Miscellaneous business activities            | 790    | 1,110  | 1,360  | 570              | 72%                |
| Private education, health and other services | 870    | 1,220  | 1,400  | 530              | 61%                |
| Single-person undertakings                   | 3,600  | 4,780  | 5,350  | 1,750            | 49%                |

Figures for the number of undertakings by size and sector for previous rounds are available on [OpenData](#).

## Private sector – sectoral breakdown

[Table 9](#) shows the sectoral breakdown of jobs in the private sector in June 2025 and June 2026, the corresponding annual changes, and the five-year changes. The six-monthly job totals for the period June 2021 to June 2026 are shown in [Appendix Table A2](#).

Table 9: Private sector jobs by sector, June 2025 and 2026, and annual and five-year changes<sup>12</sup>

| Sector                                       | Jun 25 | Jun 26 | Annual change | Annual % change | Five-year change | Five-year % change |
|----------------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Agriculture and fishing                      | 1,200  | 1,210  | 10            | 1%              | 80               | 7%                 |
| Manufacturing                                | 940    | 940    | 0             | 0%              | 0                | 0%                 |
| Construction and quarrying                   | 6,100  | 6,080  | -20           | 0%              | -320             | -5%                |
| Utilities and waste                          | 800    | 820    | 20            | 3%              | 100              | 14%                |
| Wholesale and retail                         | 6,780  | 6,650  | -130          | -2%             | -650             | -9%                |
| Hotels, restaurants and bars                 | 6,040  | 5,990  | -50           | -1%             | 570              | 11%                |
| Transport and storage                        | 2,160  | 2,170  | 10            | 0%              | 280              | 15%                |
| Information and communication                | 1,740  | 1,700  | -40           | -2%             | -150             | -8%                |
| Financial and legal activities               | 14,000 | 14,080 | 80            | 1%              | 520              | 4%                 |
| Miscellaneous business activities            | 6,320  | 6,320  | 0             | 0%              | 240              | 4%                 |
| Private education, health and other services | 9,340  | 9,780  | 440           | 5%              | 1,330            | 16%                |
| Private sector                               | 55,410 | 55,740 | 330           | 0.6%            | 1,990            | 3.7%               |

## Employment status

In June 2026, two sectors saw an annual increase in jobs, two sectors saw an annual decrease, and seven were essentially unchanged. The notable annual increases were:

- 440 jobs in private education, health and other services, with increases of 210 full-time, 100 part-time, and 140 zero-hours jobs
- 80 jobs in financial and legal activities, due to an increase of 70 full-time jobs

The notable annual decreases were:

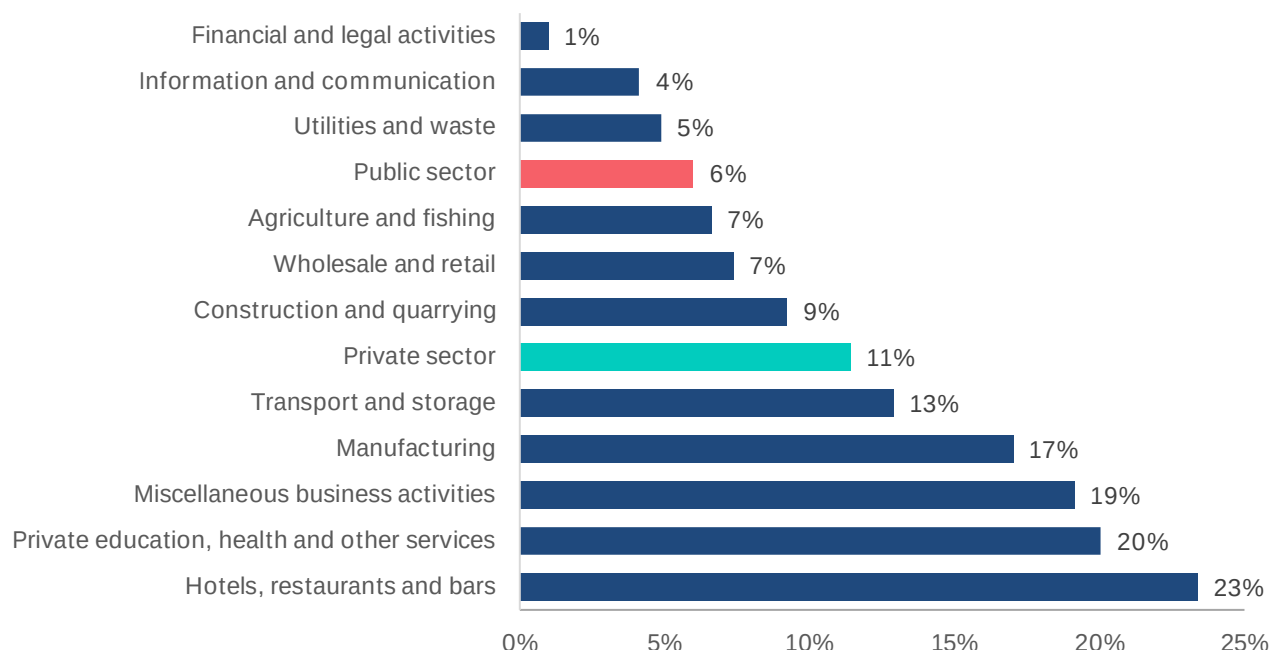
- 130 jobs in wholesale and retail, with decreases of 50 full-time jobs and 100 part-time jobs
- 50 jobs in hotels, restaurants and bars, driven by 70 full-time jobs

See [Appendix Table A2](#) for further details.

In June 2026, there were 6,370 private sector jobs filled on zero-hours contracts. [Figure 10](#) shows the percentage of jobs filled in each of the private sectors through zero-hours contracts, compared with the public sector and the average across the private sector.

<sup>12</sup> Percentage changes for each sector are shown rounded to the nearest integer.

Figure 10: Hotels, restaurants and bars had the highest proportion of jobs that were zero-hours (23%)  
Percentage of jobs filled on zero-hours contracts by sector, June 2026



### Five-year changes

Over the last five years (from June 2021 to June 2026), there has been an increase of 1,990 jobs in the private sector, a 3.7% increase. The sectors that saw increases of at least 100 jobs since June 2021 were:

- private education, health and other services (up 1,330, 16%)
- hotels, restaurants and bars (up 570, 11%)
- financial and legal activities (up 520, 4%)
- transport and storage (up 280, 15%)
- miscellaneous business activities (up 240, 4%)
- utilities and waste (up 100, 14%)

The sectors that saw decreases of at least 100 jobs since June 2021 were:

- wholesale and retail (down 650, 9%)
- construction and quarrying (down 320, 5%)
- information and communication (down 150, 8%)

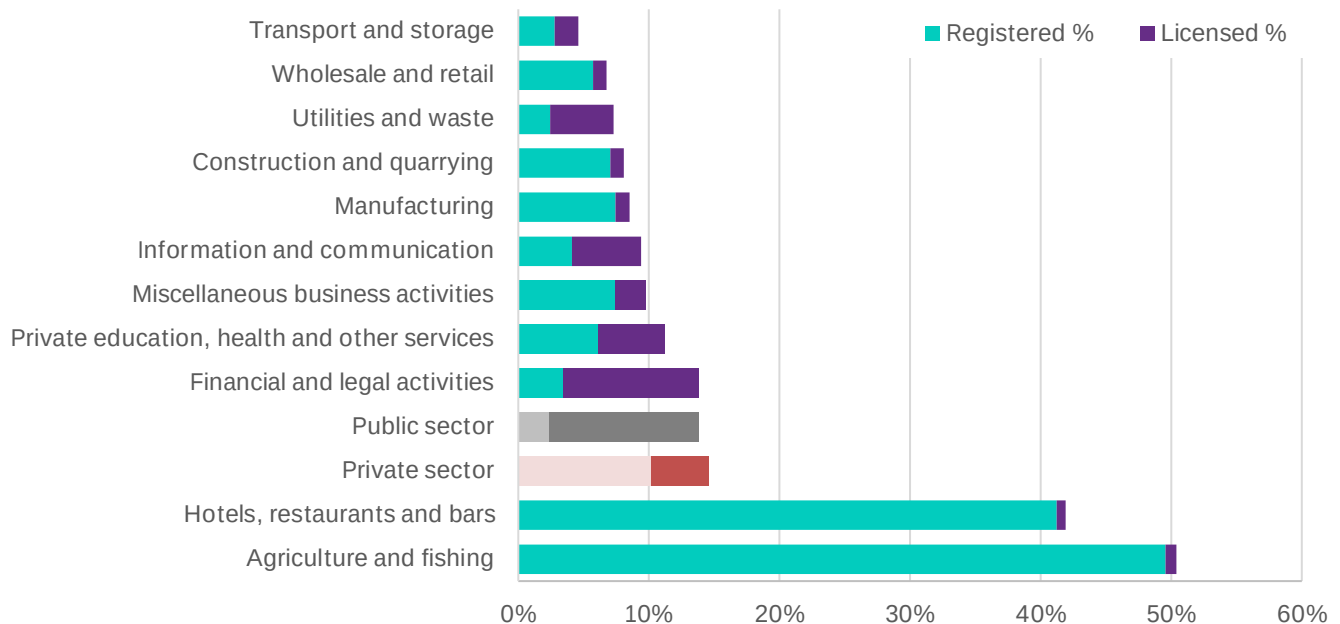
### Residential status

In terms of residential status, the number of private sector jobs filled by employees with entitled or entitled for work status was 140 higher in June 2026 than a year earlier. The notable increases in jobs filled by entitled or entitled for work staff were in private education, health and other services (up 310) and miscellaneous business activities (up 80). Sectors with notable annual decreases in jobs filled by entitled or entitled for work staff were wholesale and retail (down 150) and hotels, restaurants and bars (down 130). See [Figure 11](#) for the proportion of jobs filled by registered and licensed employees by sector, and [Appendix Table A4](#) for a sectoral breakdown by residential status.

In June 2026, the number of jobs filled by licensed employees in the private sector was 190 higher on an annual basis, driven by increases of 100 jobs in private education, health and other services, and 80 jobs in the financial and legal sector. Financial and legal activities was the sector with the largest number of jobs filled

by licensed staff (1,460), and has been consistently since residential status has been recorded (December 2001). The public sector has usually had a higher proportion of jobs filled by licensed employees than financial and legal activities, and collectively have always been the two sectors with the highest proportion of such jobs. In June 2026 the proportion was 10% for the finance and legal activities sector, while it was 11% for the public sector. However the total number of such jobs in the public sector (1,150) was lower than in financial and legal activities (1,460).

Figure 11: The agriculture and fishing sector had the largest proportion of jobs filled by registered staff  
Registered and licensed employees as a percentage of all employees in each sector, June 2026



The number of private sector jobs filled by registered employees was essentially unchanged on an annual basis (0% change, down 20), and there were no notable sectoral changes. Agriculture and fishing had the highest proportion of jobs filled by registered staff (50%), followed by hotels, restaurants and bars (41%).

The exempt status is detailed in the CHWL<sup>13</sup> and covers staff who have registered or licensed residential status, but their employer is exempt from counting them as such for business licencing purposes. There was essentially no change in exempt jobs in the private sector on an annual basis.

For a breakdown of the private sector by both employment and residential status, see [Appendix Table A5](#).

Detailed sub-sectoral commentary and data tables are available in [Appendices A10 to A19](#) for the following sectors:

- [agriculture and fishing](#)
- [construction and quarrying](#)
- [wholesale and retail](#)
- [transport and storage](#)
- [hotels, restaurants and bars](#)
- [digital and technology, media and telecommunications](#)
- [financial and legal activities](#)
- [miscellaneous business activities](#)
- [private education, health and other services](#)

<sup>13</sup> [Control of Housing and Work \(Exemptions\) \(Jersey\) Order 2013](#).

## Public sector

In this report, jobs in the **public sector** are defined as the sum of:

- Government of Jersey<sup>14</sup> (GOJ) core jobs (filled on permanent and fixed-term contracts)
- Government of Jersey non-core jobs (filled on zero-hours contracts)
- Government of Jersey Trading Bodies – Jersey Fleet Management and Jersey Car Parks
- non-States Workers – individuals who do not hold an employment contract with the Government of Jersey but who are remunerated via the Government of Jersey payroll; such individuals include States Members, Commissioners, Non-Executive Directors, Jurats and Shadow Board Members
- the States of Jersey Development Company, trading as the Jersey Development Company (JDC)
- employment by the Island's 12 parishes

All employment via employment agencies is included in the [miscellaneous business activities sector](#), including public sector jobs filled by temporary staff who are employed through external employment agencies.

### Government of Jersey (GOJ)

#### Core jobs (on permanent and fixed-term contracts)

[Figure 12](#) and [Table 10](#) show the Government of Jersey **core jobs**, on both a headcount and full-time equivalent<sup>15</sup> (FTE) basis, over time. [Figure 2](#) above shows the Government of Jersey core jobs as a percentage of all jobs over time. See the [notes](#) on the public sector for details on reporting changes over time.

Figure 12: GOJ core headcount and FTE both saw annual increases of 1%

Government of Jersey core jobs: headcount and FTE basis, 2000 to 2026

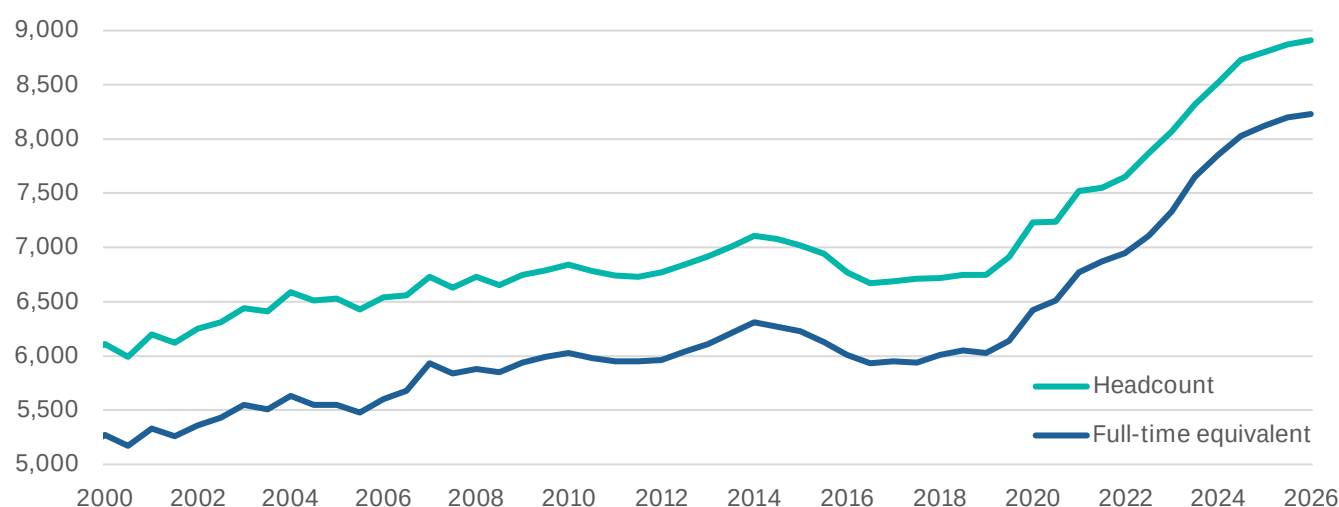


Table 10: Government of Jersey core jobs: headcount and FTE basis, June 2021 to June 2026

|                                    | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Headcount                          | 7,520  | 7,550  | 7,650  | 7,870  | 8,070  | 8,320  | 8,520  | 8,730  | 8,800  | 8,870  | 8,910  |
| Full-time equivalent <sup>15</sup> | 6,770  | 6,870  | 6,950  | 7,110  | 7,330  | 7,650  | 7,850  | 8,030  | 8,120  | 8,200  | 8,230  |

<sup>14</sup> Previously named the States of Jersey.

<sup>15</sup> Full-time equivalent (FTE) is the number of hours contracted or worked, divided by the total standard full-time hours for the relevant pay group (for example a full-time job = 1, and a half-time job = 0.5). The FTE numbers shown in [Figure 12](#) and [Table 10](#) are 'Actual adjusted FTE', that is the actual FTE excluding employees who are covering staff absence.

On an annual basis, GOJ core headcount was 110 higher (up 1%); over the same period there was an increase of 110 on an FTE basis (up 1%). GOJ core headcount and FTE were both the highest recorded to date, with the previous highs both being recorded in December 2026 (8,870 and 8,200 respectively). In June 2026 GOJ core jobs were 13.7% of the total workforce jobs (see [Figure 2](#)); this was 0.1 pp higher than in June 2025 (13.6%), and above the June mean for the last two decades (12.0%).

In June 2026, the only notable annual departmental increase was of 250 jobs in Health and Care Jersey<sup>16</sup> (HCJ), which was partially offset by decreases in other departments, notably decreases of 70 jobs in Justice and Home Affairs and of 50 jobs in the Department for the Economy. It is important to note that when teams are moved between departments, this contributes to the net change in those departments. Notably, the States of Jersey Ambulance Service was transferred from JHA to HCJ,<sup>17</sup> a move of approximately 90 FTE. The Financial Services team and the Financial Intelligence Unit was also transferred from the Department for the Economy to External Relations, a move of around 20 FTE. For further details, the Government of Jersey [Public Sector Staffing Statistics reports](#) provide employment statistics by department and pay group, and are published on a quarterly basis from June 2024 onwards.<sup>18</sup>

## All public sector jobs

Table 11: Number of public sector jobs by category, June 2021 to June 2026

| Category                  | Jun 21       | Dec 21       | Jun 22       | Dec 22       | Jun 23       | Dec 23       | Jun 24       | Dec 24       | Jun 25       | Dec 25       | Jun 26        |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| GOJ – core                | 7,520        | 7,550        | 7,650        | 7,870        | 8,070        | 8,320        | 8,520        | 8,730        | 8,800        | 8,870        | 8,910         |
| GOJ – zero-hours          | 670          | 650          | 630          | 610          | 570          | 550          | 590          | 570          | 580          | 520          | 550           |
| GOJ Trading Bodies        | 40           | 40           | 40           | 40           | 40           | 40           | 40           | 40           | 40           | 40           | 40            |
| Non-States Workers        | 110          | 100          | 80           | 110          | 130          | 70           | 100          | 70           | 60           | 60           | 80            |
| JDC                       | 10           | 20           | 20           | 20           | 20           | 20           | 20           | 20           | 20           | 20           | 20            |
| Parish                    | 430          | 430          | 420          | 430          | 440          | 450          | 450          | 440          | 450          | 450          | 460           |
| <b>Public sector jobs</b> | <b>8,790</b> | <b>8,790</b> | <b>8,840</b> | <b>9,070</b> | <b>9,270</b> | <b>9,450</b> | <b>9,710</b> | <b>9,880</b> | <b>9,940</b> | <b>9,950</b> | <b>10,050</b> |

In June 2026, there were 10,050 jobs filled in the public sector, an annual increase of 110. The public sector job count was at its highest recorded level (the previous high being December 2025).

There was an annual increase of 110 in the number of GOJ core jobs (headcount), and essentially no change in other categories; see [Table 11](#).

In the last decade, there was a series of decreases in GOJ core jobs from June 2014 to December 2016 (down 440), followed by a series of increases from December 2016 to June 2026 (up 2,240).

<sup>16</sup> Previously called Health and Community Services.

<sup>17</sup> [www.statesassembly.je/publications/assembly-reports/2025/r-108-2025](http://www.statesassembly.je/publications/assembly-reports/2025/r-108-2025)

<sup>18</sup> Note that the definitions used in the public sector staffing report prior to the September 2025 report differed to those used here, so the totals were not directly comparable with those for core GOJ and GOJ zero-hours. The main difference was in how zero-hours staff are counted; for manpower purposes, only staff who worked on the reference day (30 June or 31 December) are included, whereas in the Public Sector Staffing Statistics all zero-hours staff were included regardless of whether they worked that day. Since 2025 public sector staffing statistics reports have adopted the definition used in labour market reports.

Over the last five years since June 2021, there was an increase of 1,390 core jobs; during this period, the changes in core GOJ departments of at least 100 jobs were all increases, which were:

- +620 jobs in Children, Young People, Education, and Skills
- +580 jobs in Health and Care Jersey
- +130 jobs in Infrastructure and Environment<sup>16</sup>

The proportion of jobs in the public sector in June 2026 (15.3%) was higher than the June average for the last decade (13.7%).

The number of public sector zero-hours jobs has remained between 510-720 jobs over the last decade, with 720 for December 2020 and June 2021 being the highest recorded. In June 2026, 600 public sector jobs were filled on zero-hours contracts<sup>19</sup> (6%).

### Employment status

In the year to June 2026, the overall annual increase of 110 jobs was driven by an increase of 180 part-time jobs, which was partly offset by a decrease of 50 full-time jobs.

The growth in public sector jobs since December 2016 (2,360 jobs) was due to an increase in full-time jobs (2,200 jobs).

For a more detailed breakdown of public sector jobs by employment status, see [Appendix Table A6](#), and see [Appendix Table A7](#) for public sector jobs by employment status from December 2017 to December 2025.

### Residential status

In the year to June 2026, the increase of 110 jobs was driven by an increase of 70 jobs filled by licensed staff.

Over the last decade, jobs filled by licensed staff increased from 7% to 11% of public sector jobs, and jobs filled by registered staff increased from 1% to 2%; see [Figure 6](#). There was a corresponding reduction in jobs filled by entitled and entitled for work staff from 92% to 86%.

For a more detailed breakdown of public sector jobs by residential status, see [Appendix Table A8](#), and public sector jobs by residential status from June 2018 to June 2026 are shown in [Appendix Table A9](#).

<sup>19</sup> While most such jobs are included in "GOJ – zero-hours" in [Table 11](#), zero-hours jobs in non-core sub-sectors are also included in the zero-hours total shown in [Table 2](#) and [Table A7](#).

## Overview and methodology notes

### Definitions

From December 2013, the data used to produce this report has been collected under the [Control of Housing and Work Law](#) (CHWL). Under this law, undertakings employing staff in Jersey are required to report individual employee-level information to the Government of Jersey at monthly intervals, and undertakings with self-employed owners and no other staff are required to report at six-monthly intervals. Undertakings include businesses (both employers and self-employed individuals), charities, and any other organisations that employ staff in Jersey and are required to register for a business licence under the CHWL.

Undertakings are required to report employment status and residential status for every employee (including self-employed owners):

- **employment status:** in addition to the permanent and fixed-term categories of full-time and part-time employment, the CHWL requires the reporting of employees who have worked in the latest month on zero-hours contracts. Full-time is defined as more than 25 hours per week, part-time as 25 hours or less but not zero, and zero-hours as zero contracted hours.
- **residential status:** the categories of residential status under the CHWL are: "entitled" and "entitled for work" (both formerly "locally qualified"); "licensed" and "licensed for lease only" (both formerly "j-category"); and "standard" (originally named "registered", and formerly "non-qualified")

The exempt status is detailed in the [CHWL exemptions](#) and covers staff who have registered or licensed residential status but their employer is exempt from counting them as such for business licencing purposes.

Under the previous [Regulation of Undertakings and Development Law](#) (RUDL), in effect from June 1998 to June 2013, all undertakings operating in Jersey were required to report only aggregate employee numbers. These were classified by employment status (full-time, part-time) and by residential status (locally qualified, j-category and non-qualified).

The Population Office of the Employment, Social Security and Housing department (ESSH, previously named Customer and Local Services) has administered and compiled the manpower returns collected under both the RUDL and the CHWL. Since the introduction of the combined employer return (CER), manpower data is collected by Revenue Jersey and processed by ESSH. Statistics Jersey analyses the collected data and produces this report.

To derive changes in total jobs on an annual basis across the timeframe covered by the two laws governing the manpower return, the assumption has been made that undertakings were previously reporting all zero-hours staff within the aggregate figures returned under the RUDL. Long-run percentage change time series extending beyond December 2013 have been adjusted for the change in reporting criteria under RUDL and CHWL.

In January 2022 the combined employer return (CER) was launched, which comprises multiple returns that were previously completed separately now combined into the one return. One of these is the manpower return, the data source for the labour market report. The previous separate manpower return asked businesses to provide the residential status of their employees; this is not asked in the CER manpower. Statistics on residential status for June 2022 onwards use the residential status held by the ESSH for each employee. Changing this data source may have contributed to some of the changes observed in residential status in June 2022. As part of the transition to the CER, the tax, social security, and business licencing data held by Government of Jersey was brought into closer alignment. One result of this was the merging or closure of some business licences; this is a technical change rather than a reflection of the number of active undertakings. The change in the number of undertakings employing staff in June 2022 includes this artefact of the administrative process. Note that a similar reduction in undertakings was observed in 2013 to 2014 following the introduction of the Control of Housing and Work Law.

### Private sector

The "private sector" includes the former States Trading Committees (both before and after incorporation), the Jersey Financial Services Commission (JFSC), the Family Nursing and Home Care Service, and the Jersey Competition Regulatory Authority (JCRA, previously the Channel Islands Competition Regulatory Authority [CICRA]).

In July 2014, the States of Jersey Housing department was incorporated as Andium Homes. From December 2014, jobs at Andium Homes are included in the private sector, having previously been in the public sector.

Visit Jersey commenced operations in March 2015. From June 2015, jobs at Visit Jersey are included in the private sector, having previously been recorded in the public sector.

Jersey Sport Limited was created in June 2017. From June 2017, jobs at Jersey Sport are included in the private sector, having previously been recorded in the public sector.

### Public sector

The "public sector" includes Government of Jersey core jobs (on permanent and fixed-term contracts), Government of Jersey jobs on zero-hours contracts, Government of Jersey Trading Bodies (Jersey Fleet Management and Jersey Car Parks), non-States Workers, the States of Jersey Development Company (JDC), and parish jobs. Note the public sector does not include staff working in the public sector who are employed through temporary employment agencies; these staff are included in the private sector if their employer is Jersey-based, or they do not appear in this report if their employer is based outside of Jersey.

Since December 2019, the Maison St Brelade residential care home has been included in the parish of St Brelade workforce and is thus included in the public sector.

Up until June 2013, Government of Jersey trading bodies (Jersey Car Parking and Jersey Fleet Management) were included in Government of Jersey core staff. They have comprised 40-50 jobs for the period where data is available, since June 2010.

Up until December 2007, Government of Jersey core jobs were not adjusted for individuals working in multiple jobs. From June 2008 onwards individuals working in multiple jobs were only counted once. For years where this figure is available, it was between 10 and 30 jobs.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic,<sup>20</sup> private sector general practice doctors (GPs) were employed by the Government from April 2020 through August 2020. All employees who have jobs at multiple undertakings are counted at each undertaking, therefore these 80 GPs were also included in the Government of Jersey core job total for the June 2020 period as well as in the private education, health and other services sector.

### Methodology

The Labour Market report is produced using the results of the six-monthly manpower survey, which is run by the Population Office. Under the [Control of Housing and Work Law](#) this survey is mandatory for undertakings that employ staff in Jersey, including those where the owner is self-employed and employs no other staff (sole traders). In every round some undertakings will not respond in time to be included in the report; to prevent non-returns from distorting the results, Statistics Jersey imputes these missing returns based on these undertakings' past returns. This is done by taking the values from the previous return, or the return from one year earlier for seasonal businesses. The number of undertakings imputed varies from round to round, as does the number of jobs imputed for these undertakings. The number of jobs imputed in recent years has increased from approximately 200 to 2,000 in [June 2019](#). In the [December 2019](#) and [June 2020](#) rounds there was an unusually large number of non-returns, approximately 4,000 jobs were imputed for the publications and approximately 2,500 jobs were imputed in the revisions. These rounds had higher levels of

<sup>20</sup> [www.gov.je/news/2020/pages/IntergratedGPSysystem.aspx](http://www.gov.je/news/2020/pages/IntergratedGPSysystem.aspx)

imputation in part due to COVID-19 and associated public health restrictions, difficulties contacting some businesses due to changes in working arrangements such as remote working and due to inactivity, and higher workloads on the ESSH dept. Since 2022, the average number of jobs that needed to be imputed was lower with approximately 1,100 jobs imputed for each report, and in the current report approximately 1,300 jobs were imputed.

To verify the accuracy of the imputation methodology, Statistics Jersey compared the figures derived from the manpower returns with data collected by ESSH for administering social security contributions. Changes in job numbers detailed in this report are consistent with those observed in the contributions dataset, in particular the total number of jobs in the economy in June 2019 and June 2021 were similar in both datasets. Statistics Jersey is also developing an experimental imputation methodology to more accurately impute jobs for undertakings that did not complete their manpower return in time to be included, combining data from multiple sources: the manpower return, social security contributions data, and the Government co-funded payroll scheme.

In every Labour Market report, the figures for the previous round (in this case the [December 2025 report](#)) are revised, to reflect improvements in the data from late returns being submitted. As this generally does not happen for all missing returns, a lower level of imputation is still required for the revised round. Statistics Jersey only revises the previous round of the Labour Market; figures for earlier rounds are not revised.

Summing across undertakings gives the total number of jobs in a particular grouping; this does not give the total number of individual employees, since some employees may have jobs at multiple undertakings.

Numbers presented throughout this report have been rounded independently to the nearest 10; therefore, rows and columns in some tables may not sum to totals.

## Classifications

Undertakings (businesses, public authorities, charities, and other employers) are classified based on their primary business activity, which enables the labour market to be analysed by industrial sector. Labour market reports from December 2018 onwards use the revised UK Standard Industrial Classification 2007 (SIC 2007). Sectoral totals published for prior reports used earlier classification systems and thus have different sectors and sectoral totals to those published since December 2018. Undertakings have also been classified to a greater level of detail, allowing more granular sub-sector analysis. This allows us to provide statistics for sub-sectors; see [Appendices A10 to A19](#). See the [ONS publications](#) on the UK SIC 2007 system for full details, in particular the introduction to the [structure and explanatory notes](#).

## Other statistics on employment and jobs

This report is our current lead measure of jobs; differences between the Labour Market report, the Employment Statistics report, and the Government of Jersey Public Sector Staffing Statistics report are detailed in our [Employment Statistics Explainer](#).

## Further information

Further information regarding analysis of the information collected through the manpower returns is available from [Statistics Jersey](#). Enquiries about:

- [Government of Jersey employment numbers](#) should be directed to the [Government of Jersey People Services Department](#)
- the [Control of Housing and Work Law](#) and [manpower returns](#) should be directed to the [Population Office](#)
- the [combined employer return](#) (CER) should be directed to [Revenue Jersey](#)

## Next publication

The Labour Market report for December 2026 is scheduled for release on 30 April 2027. The schedule for further publications is available at [stats.je/release-calendar](#). Past Labour Market reports can be found [on stats.je in the list of publications](#).

## Appendix

Data tables can be found on the Statistics Jersey website under [labour market and employment statistics](#) and on [OpenData.gov.je](#).

Table A1: Jobs in the economy, and the private and public\* sectors, from 2006 to 2026

| Year | Return | Private | Public* / core GOJ | Total  |
|------|--------|---------|--------------------|--------|
| 2006 | Jun    | 47,380  | 6,540              | 53,910 |
|      | Dec    | 45,000  | 6,560              | 51,570 |
| 2007 | Jun    | 48,380  | 6,730              | 55,110 |
|      | Dec    | 46,360  | 6,630              | 52,980 |
| 2008 | Jun    | 49,880  | 6,730              | 56,610 |
|      | Dec    | 46,910  | 6,650              | 53,560 |
| 2009 | Jun    | 49,440  | 6,750              | 56,190 |
|      | Dec    | 46,780  | 6,790              | 53,570 |
| 2010 | Jun    | 49,310  | 6,840              | 56,150 |
|      | Dec    | 46,750  | 6,780              | 53,530 |
| 2011 | Jun    | 50,170  | 6,740              | 56,910 |
|      | Dec    | 47,170  | 6,730              | 53,900 |
| 2012 | Jun    | 49,630  | 6,770              | 56,400 |
|      | Dec    | 47,010  | 6,840              | 53,850 |
| 2013 | Jun    | 49,360  | 6,920              | 56,290 |
|      | Dec    | 47,020  | 8,300 / 7,010      | 55,320 |
| 2014 | Jun    | 50,040  | 8,400 / 7,110      | 58,430 |
|      | Dec    | 48,220  | 8,320 / 7,080      | 56,540 |
| 2015 | Jun    | 50,880  | 8,190 / 7,020      | 59,060 |
|      | Dec    | 49,860  | 7,960 / 6,940      | 57,820 |
| 2016 | Jun    | 52,480  | 7,840 / 6,770      | 60,320 |
|      | Dec    | 50,950  | 7,690 / 6,670      | 58,640 |
| 2017 | Jun    | 53,770  | 7,840 / 6,690      | 61,610 |
|      | Dec    | 52,010  | 7,780 / 6,710      | 59,790 |
| 2018 | Jun    | 54,250  | 7,700 / 6,720      | 61,960 |
|      | Dec    | 53,070  | 7,780 / 6,750      | 60,850 |
| 2019 | Jun    | 54,660  | 7,820 / 6,750      | 62,470 |
|      | Dec    | 53,260  | 8,130 / 6,910      | 61,380 |
| 2020 | Jun    | 51,440  | 8,340 / 7,230      | 59,780 |
|      | Dec    | 51,500  | 8,530 / 7,240      | 60,020 |
| 2021 | Jun    | 53,750  | 8,790 / 7,520      | 62,540 |
|      | Dec    | 53,370  | 8,790 / 7,550      | 62,160 |
| 2022 | Jun    | 54,810  | 8,840 / 7,650      | 63,650 |
|      | Dec    | 54,430  | 9,070 / 7,870      | 63,500 |
| 2023 | Jun    | 55,520  | 9,270 / 8,070      | 64,780 |
|      | Dec    | 54,810  | 9,450 / 8,320      | 64,260 |
| 2024 | Jun    | 55,500  | 9,710 / 8,520      | 65,210 |
|      | Dec    | 54,680  | 9,880 / 8,730      | 64,560 |
| 2025 | Jun    | 55,410  | 9,940 / 8,800      | 65,350 |
|      | Dec    | 54,420  | 9,950 / 8,870      | 64,370 |
| 2026 | Jun    | 55,740  | 10,050 / 8,910     | 65,790 |

\* Public sector jobs are Government of Jersey (GOJ) core jobs for the period up to June 2013. For the period covered by the [CHWL](#), from December 2013, two numbers are shown: overall public sector / GOJ core jobs. See [definitions](#) for details.

Table A2: Private sector jobs by sector, December 2020 to June 2026

| Sector                                       | Dec 20 | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 |
|----------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Agriculture and fishing                      | 980    | 1,130  | 910    | 1,160  | 900    | 1,080  | 850    | 1,120  | 900    | 1,200  | 890    | 1,210  |
| Manufacturing                                | 900    | 940    | 900    | 910    | 880    | 910    | 890    | 920    | 880    | 940    | 910    | 940    |
| Construction and quarrying                   | 6,120  | 6,400  | 6,370  | 6,470  | 6,510  | 6,510  | 6,390  | 6,320  | 6,070  | 6,100  | 5,870  | 6,080  |
| Utilities and waste                          | 710    | 720    | 720    | 750    | 790    | 770    | 780    | 780    | 810    | 800    | 800    | 820    |
| Wholesale and retail                         | 7,060  | 7,300  | 7,380  | 7,200  | 7,200  | 7,020  | 7,090  | 6,920  | 6,980  | 6,780  | 6,850  | 6,650  |
| Hotels, restaurants and bars                 | 4,500  | 5,420  | 5,010  | 6,110  | 5,490  | 6,470  | 5,760  | 6,350  | 5,620  | 6,040  | 5,370  | 5,990  |
| Transport and storage                        | 1,940  | 1,890  | 1,930  | 2,160  | 2,200  | 2,130  | 2,060  | 2,160  | 2,100  | 2,160  | 2,110  | 2,170  |
| Information and communication                | 1,800  | 1,850  | 1,830  | 1,790  | 1,830  | 1,820  | 1,810  | 1,800  | 1,750  | 1,740  | 1,710  | 1,700  |
| Financial and legal activities               | 13,480 | 13,560 | 13,670 | 13,590 | 13,740 | 13,650 | 13,880 | 13,770 | 14,160 | 14,000 | 14,140 | 14,080 |
| Miscellaneous business activities            | 5,880  | 6,080  | 6,050  | 6,130  | 6,240  | 6,230  | 6,250  | 6,310  | 6,240  | 6,320  | 6,360  | 6,320  |
| Private education, health and other services | 8,130  | 8,450  | 8,580  | 8,560  | 8,650  | 8,920  | 9,060  | 9,040  | 9,180  | 9,340  | 9,410  | 9,780  |
| Total private sector headcount               | 51,500 | 53,750 | 53,370 | 54,810 | 54,430 | 55,520 | 54,810 | 55,500 | 54,680 | 55,410 | 54,420 | 55,740 |

Table A3: Private sector jobs by sector and employment status, June 2025 to June 2026

| Sector                                       | June 2025 |           |            |         | December 2025 |           |            |         | June 2026 |           |            |         |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------|---------------|-----------|------------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------|
|                                              | Full-time | Part-time | Zero-hours | Unknown | Full-time     | Part-time | Zero-hours | Unknown | Full-time | Part-time | Zero-hours | Unknown |
| Agriculture and fishing                      | 980       | 120       | 80         | 10      | 690           | 120       | 70         | 10      | 1,000     | 120       | 80         | 10      |
| Manufacturing                                | 620       | 150       | 170        | 10      | 610           | 150       | 150        | 10      | 610       | 160       | 160        | 10      |
| Construction and quarrying                   | 5,050     | 440       | 550        | 60      | 4,860         | 440       | 520        | 50      | 4,990     | 480       | 560        | 50      |
| Utilities and waste                          | 720       | 50        | 30         | 0       | 710           | 60        | 40         | 0       | 720       | 60        | 40         | 0       |
| Wholesale and retail                         | 4,570     | 1,690     | 470        | 40      | 4,600         | 1,670     | 530        | 50      | 4,520     | 1,590     | 490        | 60      |
| Hotels, restaurants and bars                 | 3,810     | 710       | 1,400      | 110     | 3,300         | 700       | 1,270      | 110     | 3,740     | 710       | 1,400      | 140     |
| Transport and storage                        | 1,680     | 190       | 290        | 10      | 1,620         | 190       | 290        | 10      | 1,680     | 210       | 280        | 10      |
| Information and communication                | 1,520     | 150       | 60         | +       | 1,470         | 170       | 70         | +       | 1,450     | 180       | 70         | +       |
| Financial and legal activities               | 12,940    | 900       | 120        | 40      | 13,060        | 910       | 120        | 40      | 13,010    | 900       | 140        | 40      |
| Miscellaneous business activities            | 3,900     | 1,230     | 1,090      | 90      | 3,930         | 1,330     | 1,010      | 90      | 3,910     | 1,170     | 1,210      | 40      |
| Private education, health and other services | 5,390     | 2,050     | 1,820      | 70      | 5,430         | 2,060     | 1,850      | 70      | 5,600     | 2,150     | 1,960      | 70      |
| Private sector jobs                          | 41,180    | 7,690     | 6,090      | 450     | 40,280        | 7,790     | 5,910      | 440     | 41,220    | 7,720     | 6,370      | 430     |

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Table A4: Private sector jobs by sector and residential status of current post holder, June 2025 to June 2026

| Sector                                       | June 2025                          |              |              |            | December 2025                      |              |              |            | June 2026                          |              |              |            |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
|                                              | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Licensed     | Registered   | Exempt     | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Licensed     | Registered   | Exempt     | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Licensed     | Registered   | Exempt     |
| Agriculture and fishing                      | 590                                | 10           | 590          | 10         | 560                                | 10           | 300          | 10         | 580                                | 10           | 600          | 10         |
| Manufacturing                                | 860                                | 10           | 70           | 10         | 830                                | 10           | 70           | 10         | 850                                | 10           | 70           | 10         |
| Construction and quarrying                   | 5,540                              | 60           | 450          | 60         | 5,350                              | 50           | 420          | 50         | 5,540                              | 60           | 430          | 50         |
| Utilities and waste                          | 730                                | 40           | 30           | 0          | 740                                | 40           | 30           | 0          | 760                                | 40           | 20           | 0          |
| Wholesale and retail                         | 6,290                              | 60           | 380          | 40         | 6,320                              | 70           | 410          | 50         | 6,140                              | 70           | 380          | 60         |
| Hotels, restaurants and bars                 | 3,470                              | 30           | 2,430        | 110        | 3,320                              | 30           | 1,910        | 110        | 3,340                              | 40           | 2,470        | 140        |
| Transport and storage                        | 2,050                              | 50           | 60           | 10         | 2,020                              | 40           | 40           | 10         | 2,060                              | 40           | 60           | 10         |
| Information and communication                | 1,580                              | 90           | 70           | +          | 1,550                              | 90           | 70           | +          | 1,540                              | 90           | 70           | +          |
| Financial and legal activities               | 12,080                             | 1,380        | 500          | 40         | 12,170                             | 1,410        | 510          | 40         | 12,100                             | 1,460        | 480          | 40         |
| Miscellaneous business activities            | 5,580                              | 140          | 510          | 90         | 5,630                              | 140          | 500          | 90         | 5,660                              | 150          | 470          | 40         |
| Private education, health and other services | 8,300                              | 400          | 570          | 70         | 8,370                              | 440          | 540          | 70         | 8,610                              | 500          | 600          | 70         |
| <b>Private sector jobs</b>                   | <b>47,050</b>                      | <b>2,270</b> | <b>5,640</b> | <b>450</b> | <b>46,860</b>                      | <b>2,330</b> | <b>4,790</b> | <b>440</b> | <b>47,190</b>                      | <b>2,460</b> | <b>5,660</b> | <b>430</b> |

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Table A5a: Private sector jobs by sector, employment status and residential status of current post holder December 2024 to June 2025

| Sector                                       | December 2024                      |          |            |                                    |            |                                    |            |        | June 2025                          |          |            |                                    |            |                                    |            |        |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------|------------------------------------|----------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------|
|                                              | Full-time                          |          |            | Part-time                          |            | Zero-Hours                         |            | Exempt | Full-time                          |          |            | Part-time                          |            | Zero-Hours                         |            | Exempt |
|                                              | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Licensed | Registered | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Registered | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Registered |        | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Licensed | Registered | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Registered | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Registered |        |
| Agriculture and fishing                      | 410                                | 10       | 290        | 100                                | 10         | 60                                 | 10         | 10     | 410                                | 10       | 560        | 110                                | 10         | 70                                 | 10         | 10     |
| Manufacturing                                | 550                                | 10       | 50         | 140                                | +          | 130                                | 10         | +      | 550                                | 10       | 60         | 150                                | +          | 160                                | 10         | 10     |
| Construction and quarrying                   | 4,610                              | 60       | 410        | 410                                | 20         | 510                                | 50         | 20     | 4,600                              | 60       | 390        | 420                                | 10         | 520                                | 40         | 60     |
| Utilities and waste                          | 650                                | 40       | 20         | 60                                 | +          | 40                                 | 0          | 0      | 650                                | 40       | 20         | 50                                 | +          | 30                                 | +          | 0      |
| Wholesale and retail                         | 4,320                              | 60       | 310        | 1,590                              | 130        | 490                                | 40         | 40     | 4,220                              | 60       | 290        | 1,630                              | 70         | 450                                | 20         | 40     |
| Hotels, restaurants and bars                 | 1,840                              | 30       | 1,570      | 610                                | 100        | 1,010                              | 350        | 120    | 1,810                              | 30       | 1,980      | 620                                | 90         | 1,040                              | 360        | 110    |
| Transport and storage                        | 1,570                              | 60       | 60         | 170                                | 10         | 220                                | 10         | 10     | 1,580                              | 50       | 50         | 180                                | 10         | 280                                | 10         | 10     |
| Information and communication                | 1,360                              | 100      | 80         | 140                                | +          | 60                                 | +          | +      | 1,370                              | 90       | 70         | 150                                | +          | 60                                 | +          | +      |
| Financial and legal activities               | 11,200                             | 1,340    | 550        | 880                                | 10         | 120                                | 10         | 50     | 11,070                             | 1,380    | 490        | 890                                | 10         | 120                                | +          | 40     |
| Miscellaneous business activities            | 3,450                              | 150      | 290        | 1,130                              | 130        | 940                                | 120        | 40     | 3,460                              | 140      | 300        | 1,140                              | 90         | 980                                | 120        | 90     |
| Private education, health and other services | 4,540                              | 370      | 410        | 1,930                              | 70         | 1,640                              | 150        | 70     | 4,580                              | 400      | 410        | 1,990                              | 60         | 1,730                              | 90         | 70     |
| Private sector jobs                          | 34,490                             | 2,220    | 4,020      | 7,160                              | 480        | 5,200                              | 740        | 360    | 34,300                             | 2,270    | 4,610      | 7,330                              | 360        | 5,420                              | 670        | 450    |

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Continued on the following page in [Table A5b](#).

Table A5b: Private sector jobs by sector, employment status and residential status of current post holder, December 2025 and June 2026

| Sector                                       | December 2025                      |          |            |                                    |            |                                    |            |        | June 2026                          |          |            |                                    |            |                                    |            |        |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------|------------------------------------|----------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------|
|                                              | Full-time                          |          |            | Part-time                          |            | Zero-hours                         |            | Exempt | Full-time                          |          |            | Part-time                          |            | Zero-hours                         |            | Exempt |
|                                              | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Licensed | Registered | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Registered | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Registered |        | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Licensed | Registered | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Registered | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Registered |        |
| Agriculture and fishing                      | 390                                | 10       | 290        | 110                                | 10         | 60                                 | 10         | 10     | 400                                | 10       | 590        | 120                                | 10         | 70                                 | 10         | 10     |
| Manufacturing                                | 550                                | 10       | 60         | 150                                | +          | 140                                | 10         | 10     | 550                                | 10       | 60         | 150                                | 10         | 140                                | 10         | 10     |
| Construction and quarrying                   | 4,430                              | 50       | 370        | 430                                | 10         | 490                                | 30         | 50     | 4,560                              | 60       | 380        | 470                                | 10         | 520                                | 40         | 50     |
| Utilities and waste                          | 650                                | 40       | 20         | 50                                 | +          | 40                                 | +          | 0      | 660                                | 40       | 20         | 60                                 | +          | 40                                 | +          | 0      |
| Wholesale and retail                         | 4,230                              | 70       | 310        | 1,590                              | 70         | 500                                | 30         | 50     | 4,160                              | 70       | 280        | 1,520                              | 70         | 460                                | 30         | 60     |
| Hotels, restaurants and bars                 | 1,730                              | 30       | 1,540      | 620                                | 80         | 980                                | 290        | 110    | 1,700                              | 40       | 2,010      | 620                                | 90         | 1,020                              | 380        | 140    |
| Transport and storage                        | 1,540                              | 40       | 30         | 180                                | 10         | 290                                | +          | 10     | 1,600                              | 40       | 40         | 200                                | 10         | 270                                | 10         | 10     |
| Information and communication                | 1,320                              | 90       | 60         | 160                                | +          | 70                                 | +          | +      | 1,300                              | 90       | 60         | 180                                | 10         | 70                                 | +          | +      |
| Financial and legal activities               | 11,150                             | 1,410    | 500        | 900                                | 10         | 120                                | +          | 40     | 11,080                             | 1,460    | 460        | 890                                | 10         | 130                                | 10         | 40     |
| Miscellaneous business activities            | 3,500                              | 140      | 290        | 1,210                              | 120        | 920                                | 90         | 90     | 3,470                              | 150      | 290        | 1,120                              | 50         | 1,070                              | 130        | 40     |
| Private education, health and other services | 4,590                              | 440      | 400        | 2,010                              | 50         | 1,770                              | 80         | 70     | 4,670                              | 500      | 430        | 2,090                              | 60         | 1,850                              | 110        | 70     |
| Private sector jobs                          | 34,090                             | 2,330    | 3,860      | 7,410                              | 380        | 5,360                              | 550        | 440    | 34,140                             | 2,460    | 4,610      | 7,420                              | 310        | 5,640                              | 740        | 430    |

+: non-zero less than 5

Continued from [Table A5a](#) on the preceding page.

Table A6: Employment status of overall public sector headcount, June 2025 to June 2026

| Division                  | June 2025    |            |            |          | December 2025 |            |            |          | June 2026    |              |            |          |
|---------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|----------|---------------|------------|------------|----------|--------------|--------------|------------|----------|
|                           | Full-time    | Part-time  | Zero-hours | Unknown  | Full-time     | Part-time  | Zero-hours | Unknown  | Full-time    | Part-time    | Zero-hours | Unknown  |
| GOJ – core                | 8,010        | 790        |            | 0        | 8,120         | 750        |            | 0        | 7,950        | 960          |            | 0        |
| GOJ – zero-hours          |              |            | 580        |          |               |            | 520        |          |              |              | 550        |          |
| GOJ Trading Bodies        | 40           | +          | 0          | 0        | 40            | 0          | 0          | 0        | 40           | 0            | 0          | 0        |
| Non-States Workers        | 0            | 60         | 0          | 0        | 0             | 60         | 0          | 0        | 0            | 80           | 0          | 0        |
| JDC                       | 20           | +          | 0          | 0        | 20            | +          | 0          | 0        | 20           | +            | +          | 0        |
| Parish                    | 330          | 70         | 40         | 0        | 330           | 70         | 50         | 0        | 340          | 70           | 50         | 0        |
| <b>Public sector jobs</b> | <b>8,400</b> | <b>920</b> | <b>630</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>8,510</b>  | <b>880</b> | <b>560</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>8,350</b> | <b>1,100</b> | <b>600</b> | <b>0</b> |

+: non-zero less than 5

Table A7: Public sector jobs by employment status, June 2018 to June 2026

| Employment status         | Jun 18       | Dec 18       | Jun 19       | Dec 19       | Jun 20       | Dec 20       | Jun 21       | Dec 21       | Jun 22       | Dec 22       | Jun 23       | Dec 23       | Jun 24       | Dec 24       | Jun 25       | Dec 25       | Jun 26        |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Full-time                 | 6,020        | 6,080        | 6,270        | 6,460        | 6,700        | 6,820        | 7,040        | 7,090        | 7,230        | 7,470        | 7,430        | 7,940        | 7,980        | 8,020        | 8,400        | 8,510        | 8,350         |
| Part-time                 | 1,180        | 1,070        | 890          | 1,010        | 1,070        | 990          | 1,030        | 1,000        | 940          | 910          | 1,210        | 910          | 1,080        | 1,250        | 920          | 880          | 1,100         |
| Zero-hours                | 510          | 630          | 660          | 670          | 570          | 720          | 720          | 700          | 670          | 700          | 620          | 600          | 650          | 620          | 630          | 560          | 600           |
| Unknown                   | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 10           | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0             |
| <b>Public sector jobs</b> | <b>7,700</b> | <b>7,780</b> | <b>7,820</b> | <b>8,130</b> | <b>8,340</b> | <b>8,530</b> | <b>8,790</b> | <b>8,790</b> | <b>8,840</b> | <b>9,070</b> | <b>9,270</b> | <b>9,450</b> | <b>9,710</b> | <b>9,880</b> | <b>9,940</b> | <b>9,950</b> | <b>10,050</b> |

Table A8: Residential status of overall public sector headcount, June 2025 to June 2026

| Division              | June 2025                          |          |            |        | December 2025                      |          |            |        | June 2026                          |          |            |        |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|----------|------------|--------|------------------------------------|----------|------------|--------|------------------------------------|----------|------------|--------|
|                       | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Licensed | Registered | Exempt | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Licensed | Registered | Exempt | Entitled /<br>entitled<br>for work | Licensed | Registered | Exempt |
| GOJ – core            | 7,540                              | 1,060    | 190        | +      | 7,520                              | 1,100    | 200        | 60     | 7,520                              | 1,130    | 190        | 60     |
| GOJ – zero-hours      | 520                                | 10       | 50         | 10     | 470                                | +        | 40         | 10     | 490                                | 10       | 40         | 20     |
| GOJ Trading<br>Bodies | 40                                 | 0        | 0          | 0      | 40                                 | 0        | 0          | 0      | 40                                 | 0        | 0          | 0      |
| Non-States<br>Workers | 60                                 | 0        | +          | +      | 60                                 | 0        | +          | +      | 70                                 | +        | +          | 10     |
| JDC                   | 10                                 | +        | 0          | 0      | 20                                 | +        | 0          | 0      | 20                                 | +        | 0          | 0      |
| Parish                | 440                                | 10       | +          | 0      | 430                                | 10       | 10         | 0      | 450                                | 10       | 10         | 0      |
| Public sector jobs    | 8,610                              | 1,080    | 240        | 10     | 8,530                              | 1,110    | 240        | 70     | 8,580                              | 1,150    | 240        | 80     |

+: non-zero less than 5

Table A9: Public sector jobs by residential status, June 2018 to June 2026

| Residential status              | Jun 18 | Dec 18 | Jun 19 | Dec 19 | Jun 20 | Dec 20 | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Entitled / entitled<br>for work | 7,050  | 7,070  | 7,080  | 7,290  | 7,430  | 7,610  | 7,890  | 7,850  | 7,870  | 7,990  | 8,110  | 8,200  | 8,350  | 8,560  | 8,610  | 8,530  | 8,580  |
| Licensed                        | 570    | 610    | 650    | 680    | 750    | 730    | 730    | 760    | 780    | 830    | 880    | 940    | 930    | 1,040  | 1,080  | 1,110  | 1,150  |
| Registered                      | 80     | 80     | 80     | 90     | 130    | 170    | 150    | 170    | 170    | 220    | 210    | 240    | 220    | 240    | 240    | 240    | 240    |
| Exempt                          | 10     | 10     | 10     | 70     | 30     | 10     | 20     | 10     | 20     | 40     | 60     | 70     | 210    | 30     | 10     | 70     | 80     |
| Public sector jobs              | 7,700  | 7,780  | 7,820  | 8,130  | 8,340  | 8,530  | 8,790  | 8,790  | 8,840  | 9,070  | 9,270  | 9,450  | 9,710  | 9,880  | 9,940  | 9,950  | 10,050 |

## Agriculture and fishing

[Appendix Table A10](#) shows the number of jobs in the agriculture and fishing sector, overall and by sub-sector, from June 2021 to June 2026.

Agriculture and fishing had 1,210 jobs in June 2026, accounting for 2% of private sector jobs. The sub-sector with the highest number of jobs was growing of non-perennial crops (720), which comprised 60% of the sector.

On an annual basis there was a 1% increase in jobs (10 jobs) – essentially the same as the private sector, which saw a slight annual increase of 0.6%. All sub-sectors saw changes of fewer than 40 jobs an annual basis.

Over the last five years, since June 2021, there was a 7% increase in jobs (80 jobs) – more positive than the 3.7% increase for the private sector. Sub-sectoral changes were of fewer than 40 jobs.

Table A10: Jobs in the agriculture and fishing sector by sub-sector, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sub-sector                                                                                          | Jun 21       | Dec 21     | Jun 22       | Dec 22     | Jun 23       | Dec 23     | Jun 24       | Dec 24     | Jun 25       | Dec 25     | Jun 26       | Five-year<br>change | Five-year<br>% change |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Growing of non-perennial crops                                                                      | 730          | 510        | 730          | 450        | 630          | 410        | 650          | 420        | 700          | 410        | 720          | -10                 | -1%                   |
| Growing of perennial crops; Plant propagation                                                       | 50           | 50         | 60           | 70         | 80           | 60         | 80           | 70         | 80           | 70         | 80           | 30                  | 60%                   |
| Animal production                                                                                   | 100          | 100        | 90           | 90         | 100          | 90         | 110          | 120        | 110          | 110        | 100          | 0                   | 0%                    |
| Mixed farming                                                                                       | 80           | 60         | 100          | 90         | 90           | 90         | 80           | 80         | 90           | 80         | 90           | 10                  | 13%                   |
| Support activities to agriculture;<br>Forestry and logging; Unspecified<br>agriculture and forestry | 90           | 90         | 80           | 90         | 90           | 90         | 100          | 100        | 110          | 110        | 110          | 20                  | 22%                   |
| Marine fishing                                                                                      | 40           | 40         | 40           | 50         | 40           | 40         | 40           | 50         | 50           | 50         | 50           | 10                  | 25%                   |
| Marine aquaculture                                                                                  | 50           | 60         | 50           | 60         | 60           | 70         | 70           | 70         | 70           | 70         | 70           | 20                  | 40%                   |
| <b>Agriculture and fishing sector</b>                                                               | <b>1,130</b> | <b>910</b> | <b>1,160</b> | <b>900</b> | <b>1,080</b> | <b>850</b> | <b>1,120</b> | <b>900</b> | <b>1,200</b> | <b>890</b> | <b>1,210</b> | <b>80</b>           | <b>7%</b>             |

## Construction and quarrying

[Appendix Table A11](#) shows the number of jobs in the construction and quarrying sector, overall and by sub-sector, from June 2021 to June 2026.

The construction and quarrying sector had 6,080 jobs in June 2026, accounting for 11% of private sector jobs. The sub-sectors with the highest number of jobs were construction of buildings (1,370), joinery installation (1,100), and electrical installation (700).

There was essentially no change in jobs on an annual basis (0% change, down 20 jobs) – similar to the slight annual increase of 0.6% for the private sector. The only notable sub-sector annual change was a decrease of 60 jobs in joinery installation; other sub-sectors saw changes of 40 or fewer jobs an annual basis.

Over the last five years, since June 2021, the sector has decreased by 5% (down 320 jobs) – considerably more negative than the 3.7% increase for the private sector. Notable decreases over this period were in the construction of buildings, down 220; roofing activities, down 80; and other specialised construction activities, down 70. Notable increases were of 80 in scaffold erection, and 60 in other building completion and finishing. Other changes over this period were of 40 or fewer jobs.

Table A11: Jobs in the construction and quarrying sector by sub-sector, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sub-sector                                            | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 | Five-year<br>change | Five-year<br>% change |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Mining and quarrying; Demolition and site preparation | 320    | 300    | 320    | 320    | 320    | 320    | 320    | 310    | 320    | 310    | 320    | 0                   | 0%                    |
| Construction of buildings                             | 1,590  | 1,570  | 1,610  | 1,540  | 1,560  | 1,490  | 1,420  | 1,320  | 1,330  | 1,280  | 1,370  | -220                | -14%                  |
| Civil engineering                                     | 200    | 190    | 230    | 220    | 220    | 200    | 210    | 210    | 230    | 220    | 230    | 30                  | 15%                   |
| Electrical installation                               | 740    | 720    | 720    | 770    | 790    | 770    | 760    | 720    | 710    | 710    | 700    | -40                 | -5%                   |
| Plumbing, heat and air-conditioning installation      | 480    | 490    | 490    | 510    | 510    | 490    | 460    | 460    | 460    | 450    | 460    | -20                 | -4%                   |
| Other construction installation                       | 60     | 60     | 60     | 70     | 60     | 70     | 70     | 60     | 70     | 70     | 60     | 0                   | 0%                    |
| Plastering                                            | 170    | 180    | 170    | 180    | 190    | 220    | 200    | 170    | 170    | 160    | 160    | -10                 | -6%                   |
| Joinery installation                                  | 1,110  | 1,130  | 1,140  | 1,170  | 1,170  | 1,130  | 1,140  | 1,140  | 1,160  | 1,070  | 1,100  | -10                 | -1%                   |
| Floor and wall covering                               | 170    | 170    | 170    | 170    | 180    | 180    | 170    | 160    | 160    | 160    | 160    | -10                 | -6%                   |
| Painting                                              | 410    | 410    | 400    | 410    | 420    | 430    | 420    | 420    | 410    | 400    | 410    | 0                   | 0%                    |
| Glazing                                               | 140    | 150    | 130    | 130    | 120    | 110    | 110    | 100    | 90     | 100    | 110    | -30                 | -21%                  |
| Other building completion and finishing               | 150    | 150    | 160    | 150    | 160    | 160    | 180    | 190    | 190    | 190    | 210    | 60                  | 40%                   |
| Roofing activities                                    | 240    | 240    | 230    | 240    | 180    | 190    | 200    | 190    | 190    | 160    | 160    | -80                 | -33%                  |
| Scaffold erection                                     | 140    | 140    | 160    | 150    | 160    | 170    | 190    | 190    | 190    | 180    | 220    | 80                  | 57%                   |
| Other specialised construction activities             | 490    | 490    | 490    | 490    | 470    | 480    | 490    | 450    | 420    | 430    | 420    | -70                 | -14%                  |
| Construction and quarrying sector                     | 6,400  | 6,370  | 6,470  | 6,510  | 6,510  | 6,390  | 6,320  | 6,070  | 6,100  | 5,870  | 6,080  | -320                | -5%                   |

## Wholesale and retail

[Appendix Table A12](#) shows the number of jobs in the wholesale and retail sector, overall and by sub-sector, from June 2021 to June 2026.

Wholesale and retail had 6,650 jobs in June 2026, accounting for 12% of private sector jobs. The sub-sectors with the highest number of jobs were retail sale in non-specialised stores<sup>21</sup> (2,460), retail sale of other goods in specialised stores (1,240), and wholesale trade (1,100).

There was an annual decrease of 130 jobs, a 2% decrease – more negative than the private sector annual increase of 0.6%. The only notable sub-sector change was a decrease of 60 jobs in retail sale in non-specialised stores; other sub-sectors saw changes of fewer than 50 jobs an annual basis.

Over the last five years, since June 2021, the sector has decreased by 650 jobs, a 9% decrease – considerably more negative than 3.7% increase for the private sector. The only notable changes over this period were decreases, the largest of which were 280 in retail sale via mail order houses or via Internet, and 100 in retail sale in non-specialised stores. Other changes over this period were of fewer than 100 jobs.

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<sup>21</sup> This category includes supermarkets, convenience stores, and department stores.

Table A12: Jobs in the wholesale and retail sector by sub-sector, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sub-sector                                                               | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 | Five-year<br>change | Five-year<br>% change |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Sale of motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles)                           | 420    | 410    | 420    | 410    | 420    | 420    | 410    | 430    | 410    | 420    | 400    | -20                 | -5%                   |
| Other motor trade; Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles              | 390    | 400    | 400    | 410    | 400    | 390    | 400    | 390    | 410    | 400    | 420    | 30                  | 8%                    |
| Wholesale trade                                                          | 1,140  | 1,150  | 1,170  | 1,220  | 1,210  | 1,210  | 1,180  | 1,140  | 1,120  | 1,120  | 1,100  | -40                 | -4%                   |
| Retail sale in non-specialised stores                                    | 2,560  | 2,680  | 2,660  | 2,480  | 2,470  | 2,580  | 2,500  | 2,600  | 2,520  | 2,530  | 2,460  | -100                | -4%                   |
| Retail sale of food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores         | 240    | 240    | 230    | 240    | 210    | 240    | 220    | 250    | 200    | 220    | 170    | -70                 | -29%                  |
| Retail of IT and other household equipment in specialised stores         | 330    | 330    | 300    | 300    | 300    | 290    | 310    | 290    | 280    | 280    | 270    | -60                 | -18%                  |
| Retail sale of cultural and recreation goods in specialised stores       | 200    | 200    | 170    | 190    | 180    | 180    | 180    | 160    | 160    | 170    | 160    | -40                 | -20%                  |
| Retail sale of other goods in specialised stores                         | 1,330  | 1,350  | 1,310  | 1,410  | 1,300  | 1,300  | 1,260  | 1,280  | 1,220  | 1,260  | 1,240  | -90                 | -7%                   |
| Retail sale via mail order houses or via Internet                        | 510    | 430    | 350    | 340    | 330    | 300    | 270    | 260    | 250    | 240    | 230    | -280                | -55%                  |
| Retail of automotive fuel; Retail sale not in stores; Unspecified retail | 190    | 200    | 190    | 210    | 200    | 200    | 200    | 190    | 200    | 210    | 200    | 10                  | 5%                    |
| Wholesale and retail sector                                              | 7,300  | 7,380  | 7,200  | 7,200  | 7,020  | 7,090  | 6,920  | 6,980  | 6,780  | 6,850  | 6,650  | -650                | -9%                   |

## Transport and storage

[Appendix Table A13](#) shows the number of jobs in the transport and storage sector, overall and by sub-sector, from June 2021 to June 2026.

The transport and storage sector had 2,170 jobs in June 2026, accounting for 4% of private sector jobs. The sub-sectors with the highest number of jobs were support activities for transportation except cargo handling (600) and postal and courier activities (410).

There was essentially no change in jobs on an annual basis (0% change, up 10 jobs) – similar to the private sector, which saw a slight annual increase of 0.6%. All sub-sectors saw annual changes of fewer than 50 jobs an annual basis.

Over the last five years, since June 2021, there was a 15% increase in jobs (up 280) – considerably more positive than the 3.7% increase for the private sector. The notable sub-sector changes were an increase of 190 jobs in support activities for transportation except cargo handling, and a decrease of 50 jobs in postal and courier activities. Other changes over this period were of fewer than 50 jobs.

Table A13: Jobs in the transport and storage sector by sub-sector, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sub-sector                                                   | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 | Five-year<br>change | Five-year<br>% change |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Passenger land transport excluding taxi operation            | 190    | 170    | 230    | 240    | 230    | 190    | 220    | 200    | 220    | 210    | 230    | 40                  | 21%                   |
| Taxi operation                                               | 250    | 240    | 240    | 240    | 230    | 230    | 240    | 250    | 270    | 280    | 280    | 30                  | 12%                   |
| Freight transport by road                                    | 210    | 220    | 230    | 220    | 220    | 220    | 230    | 220    | 230    | 230    | 240    | 30                  | 14%                   |
| Removal services                                             | 80     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 90     | 90     | 90     | 10                  | 13%                   |
| Water transport                                              | 50     | 50     | 80     | 70     | 90     | 70     | 80     | 70     | 70     | 60     | 70     | 20                  | 40%                   |
| Air transport                                                | 70     | 70     | 90     | 100    | 100    | 90     | 100    | 100    | 100    | 70     | 60     | -10                 | -14%                  |
| Support activities for transportation, except cargo handling | 410    | 420    | 490    | 480    | 520    | 510    | 580    | 560    | 590    | 580    | 600    | 190                 | 46%                   |
| Cargo handling; Warehousing and storage                      | 190    | 200    | 230    | 200    | 220    | 220    | 240    | 190    | 200    | 190    | 200    | 10                  | 5%                    |
| Postal and courier activities                                | 460    | 480    | 500    | 580    | 440    | 430    | 400    | 420    | 400    | 400    | 410    | -50                 | -11%                  |
| Transport and storage sector                                 | 1,890  | 1,930  | 2,160  | 2,200  | 2,130  | 2,060  | 2,160  | 2,100  | 2,160  | 2,110  | 2,170  | 280                 | 15%                   |

## Hotels, restaurants and bars

[Appendix Table A14](#) shows the number of jobs in the hotels, restaurants and bars sector, overall and by sub-sector, from June 2021 to June 2026.

The hotels, restaurants and bars sector had 5,990 jobs in June 2026, accounting for 11% of private sector jobs. The sub-sectors with the highest number of jobs were hotels and similar accommodation (2,020), licensed restaurants (1,310), beverage serving activities (930), and unlicensed restaurants and cafes (730).

There was an annual decrease of 1% in the sector (down 50 jobs) – slightly more negative than the 0.6% increase for the private sector. There only notable annual decreases were of 80 jobs in hotels and similar accommodation and 50 jobs in event catering and other food service activities. The only notable increase was of 50 jobs in take away food shops and mobile food stands.

Over the last five years, since June 2021, the total number of jobs in the sector increased by 570, an 11% increase – considerably more positive than the 3.7% increase for the private sector. All the notable changes were increases, the largest of which were 160 jobs in take away food shops and mobile food stands, 130 jobs in licensed restaurants, and 120 jobs in hotels and similar accommodation. Other changes were of 100 or fewer jobs.

Table A14: Jobs in the hotels, restaurants and bars sector by sub-sector, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sub-sector                                                                                                | Jun 21       | Dec 21       | Jun 22       | Dec 22       | Jun 23       | Dec 23       | Jun 24       | Dec 24       | Jun 25       | Dec 25       | Jun 26       | Five-year<br>change | Five-year<br>% change |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Hotels and similar accommodation                                                                          | 1,900        | 1,610        | 2,180        | 1,760        | 2,240        | 1,810        | 2,210        | 1,670        | 2,100        | 1,550        | 2,020        | 120                 | 6%                    |
| Holiday and other short-stay accommodation; Camping grounds, recreational vehicle parks and trailer parks | 70           | 70           | 70           | 60           | 70           | 60           | 60           | 60           | 60           | 60           | 70           | 0                   | 0%                    |
| Other accommodation                                                                                       | 110          | 110          | 100          | 100          | 100          | 100          | 100          | 90           | 90           | 80           | 80           | -30                 | -27%                  |
| Licensed restaurants                                                                                      | 1,180        | 1,110        | 1,220        | 1,200        | 1,300        | 1,300        | 1,350        | 1,270        | 1,290        | 1,200        | 1,310        | 130                 | 11%                   |
| Unlicensed restaurants and cafes                                                                          | 730          | 680          | 870          | 730          | 890          | 690          | 760          | 660          | 760          | 680          | 730          | 0                   | 0%                    |
| Take away food shops and mobile food stands                                                               | 390          | 430          | 390          | 410          | 430          | 430          | 470          | 450          | 500          | 520          | 550          | 160                 | 41%                   |
| Event catering and other food service activities                                                          | 190          | 160          | 260          | 250          | 380          | 430          | 380          | 390          | 340          | 330          | 290          | 100                 | 53%                   |
| Beverage serving activities                                                                               | 850          | 840          | 1,010        | 980          | 1,070        | 950          | 1,020        | 1,040        | 920          | 950          | 930          | 80                  | 9%                    |
| <b>Hotels, restaurants and bars sector</b>                                                                | <b>5,420</b> | <b>5,010</b> | <b>6,110</b> | <b>5,490</b> | <b>6,470</b> | <b>5,760</b> | <b>6,350</b> | <b>5,620</b> | <b>6,040</b> | <b>5,370</b> | <b>5,990</b> | <b>570</b>          | <b>11%</b>            |

## Digital sector

This publication uses the latest UK standard industrial classification (UK SIC 2007, see the [notes on classifications](#)) which, in contrast to the previous version (UK SIC 2003), has a specific information and communications sector; this sector covers much of the "digital economy".

The UK Office for National Statistics (ONS) [defines](#) the digital sector to primarily be the information and communications sector, which includes publishing, broadcasting, telecommunications, computer programming and consultancy, and information services. The ONS definition also includes manufacture of electronic components and boards ([SIC 2007](#) group 26.1) and manufacture of computers and peripheral equipment (26.2) from the manufacturing sector, and repair of computers and communication equipment (95.1) from the private education, health and other services sector.

[Appendix Table A15](#) shows the number of jobs in the sub-sectors comprising Jersey's digital sector, from June 2021 to June 2026.

The digital sector had a total of 1,720 jobs in June 2026, comprising 3% of the private sector. The two sub-sectors having the most jobs were computer consultancy (590 jobs) and telecommunications (410 jobs). The number of jobs in the digital sector decreased by 2% on an annual basis (down 30 jobs) – more negative than the private sector overall, which saw an annual increase of 0.6%. The only notable change was a decrease of 60 jobs in telecommunications; other sub-sectors recorded annual changes of fewer than 50 jobs.

In the last five years, since June 2021, the number of jobs in the digital sector in Jersey decreased by 150, an 8% decrease; this was considerably more negative than the 3.7% increase for the private sector overall. The notable changes were both decreases, which were of 150 jobs in telecommunications and of 50 jobs in software publishing. Other sub-sectors saw changes of fewer than 40 jobs over this period.

Table A15: Jobs in the ONS definition of the digital sector by sub-sector, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sub-sector                                                                                                                                           | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 | Five-year<br>change | Five-year<br>% change |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Publishing of books, periodicals and other publishing activities                                                                                     | 120    | 110    | 110    | 100    | 100    | 90     | 90     | 100    | 90     | 90     | 90     | -30                 | -25%                  |
| Software publishing                                                                                                                                  | 90     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 70     | 60     | 60     | 50     | 50     | 40     | -50                 | -56%                  |
| Motion picture, video and television programme, and sound recording and publishing activities                                                        | 70     | 80     | 70     | 70     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 80     | 10                  | 14%                   |
| Radio and television programming and broadcasting activities                                                                                         | 100    | 100    | 100    | 110    | 100    | 100    | 100    | 100    | 100    | 100    | 110    | 10                  | 10%                   |
| Telecommunications                                                                                                                                   | 560    | 570    | 540    | 540    | 520    | 530    | 520    | 500    | 470    | 420    | 410    | -150                | -27%                  |
| Computer programming activities                                                                                                                      | 170    | 180    | 190    | 200    | 200    | 200    | 210    | 190    | 190    | 170    | 170    | 0                   | 0%                    |
| Computer consultancy activities                                                                                                                      | 570    | 550    | 530    | 560    | 570    | 560    | 540    | 540    | 550    | 590    | 590    | 20                  | 4%                    |
| Information service activities                                                                                                                       | 140    | 140    | 140    | 140    | 140    | 140    | 160    | 150    | 160    | 170    | 170    | 30                  | 21%                   |
| Wholesale and repair of computers and communication equipment; Computer facilities management and other information technology and computer services | 50     | 50     | 50     | 60     | 60     | 60     | 60     | 50     | 60     | 70     | 70     | 20                  | 40%                   |
| Digital sector                                                                                                                                       | 1,870  | 1,850  | 1,810  | 1,850  | 1,840  | 1,820  | 1,820  | 1,760  | 1,750  | 1,730  | 1,720  | -150                | -8%                   |

### Technology, media and telecommunications

The "Technology, Media and Telecommunications (TMT) sector" expands on the digital sector definition, and also includes: printing (18.1 from the manufacturing sector); advertising, and research and experimental development on natural sciences and engineering (73.11 and 72.19 from miscellaneous business activities); and creative, arts and entertainment activities (90 from private education, health and other services).

[Appendix Table A16](#) shows the number of jobs in the TMT sector, overall and by sub-sector, from June 2021 to June 2026.

In June 2026, the TMT sector had a total of 2,310 jobs, comprising 4% of the private sector. There was essentially no change in jobs (0% change, 0 jobs), which was similar to the 0.6% increase for the private sector. Compared to five years ago, the TMT sector decreased by 4% (down 90 jobs); this was considerably more negative than the 3.7% increase for the private sector overall.

The annual and five-yearly changes in the number of jobs in most sub-sectors was essentially the same as those described above for the ONS-defined digital sector, which the TMT sector encompasses.

Table A16: Jobs in the technology, media and telecommunications (TMT) sector by sub-sector, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sub-sector                                                                                                                       | Jun 21       | Dec 21       | Jun 22       | Dec 22       | Jun 23       | Dec 23       | Jun 24       | Dec 24       | Jun 25       | Dec 25       | Jun 26       | Five-year<br>change | Five-year<br>% change |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Printing                                                                                                                         | 140          | 130          | 120          | 110          | 110          | 110          | 120          | 120          | 120          | 120          | 120          | -20                 | -14%                  |
| Publishing of books, periodicals and other publishing activities                                                                 | 120          | 110          | 110          | 100          | 100          | 90           | 90           | 100          | 90           | 90           | 90           | -30                 | -25%                  |
| Software publishing                                                                                                              | 90           | 80           | 80           | 80           | 80           | 70           | 60           | 60           | 50           | 50           | 40           | -50                 | -56%                  |
| Motion picture, video and television programme activities, and sound recording and publishing activities                         | 70           | 80           | 70           | 70           | 80           | 80           | 80           | 80           | 80           | 80           | 80           | 10                  | 14%                   |
| Radio and television programming and broadcasting activities                                                                     | 100          | 100          | 100          | 110          | 100          | 100          | 100          | 100          | 100          | 100          | 110          | 10                  | 10%                   |
| Telecommunications                                                                                                               | 560          | 570          | 540          | 540          | 520          | 530          | 520          | 500          | 470          | 420          | 410          | -150                | -27%                  |
| Computer programming activities                                                                                                  | 170          | 180          | 190          | 200          | 200          | 200          | 210          | 190          | 190          | 170          | 170          | 0                   | 0%                    |
| Computer consultancy activities                                                                                                  | 570          | 550          | 530          | 560          | 570          | 560          | 540          | 540          | 550          | 590          | 590          | 20                  | 4%                    |
| Information service activities, and research and development (R&D)                                                               | 140          | 140          | 140          | 150          | 150          | 150          | 160          | 160          | 170          | 170          | 180          | 40                  | 29%                   |
| Advertising agencies                                                                                                             | 230          | 230          | 220          | 220          | 210          | 230          | 220          | 220          | 230          | 230          | 240          | 10                  | 4%                    |
| Performing arts and artistic creation                                                                                            | 100          | 100          | 100          | 110          | 120          | 110          | 110          | 110          | 110          | 110          | 120          | 20                  | 20%                   |
| Operation of arts facilities and support activities to performing arts                                                           | 70           | 70           | 80           | 80           | 70           | 70           | 80           | 80           | 90           | 100          | 100          | 30                  | 43%                   |
| Wholesale and repair of computers and communication equipment; computer facilities management and other IT and computer services | 50           | 50           | 50           | 60           | 60           | 60           | 60           | 50           | 60           | 70           | 70           | 20                  | 40%                   |
| <b>TMT sector</b>                                                                                                                | <b>2,400</b> | <b>2,390</b> | <b>2,330</b> | <b>2,360</b> | <b>2,360</b> | <b>2,350</b> | <b>2,350</b> | <b>2,310</b> | <b>2,310</b> | <b>2,300</b> | <b>2,310</b> | <b>-90</b>          | <b>-4%</b>            |

## Financial and legal activities

Financial and legal activities (the “financial sector”) accounted for a quarter (26%) of private sector jobs in June 2026. The sector had a total of 14,080 jobs, which was a 1% annual increase (up 80 jobs) – essentially the same as the 0.6% increase for the private sector.

[Appendix Table A17](#) shows the number of jobs in the sub-sectors comprising Jersey’s financial sector, from June 2021 to June 2026.

In June 2026, 3 of the 11 sub-sectors recorded their highest number of jobs since December 2013:<sup>22</sup> legal activities, other activities auxiliary to financial services, and fund management; banking was the only sector to record its lowest total since December 2013.

The notable annual increases were of 100 in legal activities, 70 in both fund administration and fund management, and 50 jobs in accounting and compliance. This was partially offset by decreases of 130 jobs in trust administration and 80 jobs in banking; other annual changes were of fewer than 40 jobs.

Over the last five years, the financial sector increased by 520 jobs, a 4% increase, essentially the same as the 3.7% increase for the private sector. Since June 2021 the largest increases in jobs were in fund administration (up 370), accounting and compliance (up 360), legal activities (up 240), other activities auxiliary to financial services (up 120), and fund management (up 110). In contrast, the sub-sectors with the notable decreases in jobs were in banking (down 590) and trust administration (down 160).

The sub-sectors that have experienced job changes of more than 25% over the last five years were:

- credit granting and other financial services, up 56%
- accounting and compliance, up 26%

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<sup>22</sup> The first return under the [Control of Housing and Work \(Jersey\) Law 2012](#).

Table A17: Jobs in the financial and legal activities sector by sub-sector, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sub-sector                                       | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 | Five-year<br>change | Five-year<br>% change |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Banking                                          | 2,990  | 2,900  | 2,840  | 2,740  | 2,630  | 2,690  | 2,560  | 2,700  | 2,480  | 2,460  | 2,400  | -590                | -20%                  |
| Credit granting and other financial services     | 90     | 100    | 100    | 100    | 100    | 100    | 120    | 130    | 150    | 140    | 140    | 50                  | 56%                   |
| Holding companies                                | 120    | 120    | 130    | 130    | 130    | 120    | 130    | 130    | 130    | 130    | 130    | 10                  | 8%                    |
| Trusts and similar instruments                   | 160    | 170    | 170    | 170    | 200    | 190    | 210    | 210    | 200    | 180    | 200    | 40                  | 25%                   |
| Trust administration                             | 4,100  | 4,260  | 4,140  | 4,140  | 4,090  | 4,060  | 4,000  | 4,040  | 4,070  | 4,000  | 3,940  | -160                | -4%                   |
| Fund administration                              | 1,500  | 1,540  | 1,560  | 1,660  | 1,680  | 1,760  | 1,750  | 1,800  | 1,800  | 1,890  | 1,870  | 370                 | 25%                   |
| Other activities auxiliary to financial services | 680    | 690    | 710    | 730    | 720    | 720    | 710    | 740    | 770    | 790    | 800    | 120                 | 18%                   |
| Fund management                                  | 440    | 440    | 420    | 460    | 470    | 480    | 490    | 490    | 480    | 490    | 550    | 110                 | 25%                   |
| Insurance                                        | 350    | 340    | 330    | 320    | 320    | 330    | 330    | 340    | 340    | 340    | 330    | -20                 | -6%                   |
| Legal activities                                 | 1,720  | 1,700  | 1,710  | 1,710  | 1,710  | 1,770  | 1,750  | 1,810  | 1,860  | 1,940  | 1,960  | 240                 | 14%                   |
| Accounting and compliance                        | 1,410  | 1,420  | 1,500  | 1,590  | 1,600  | 1,660  | 1,720  | 1,770  | 1,720  | 1,780  | 1,770  | 360                 | 26%                   |
| Financial sector                                 | 13,560 | 13,670 | 13,590 | 13,740 | 13,650 | 13,880 | 13,770 | 14,160 | 14,000 | 14,140 | 14,080 | 520                 | 4%                    |

### Miscellaneous business activities

The miscellaneous business activities sector includes private sector services usually provided to businesses that are not classified elsewhere. These include:

- Real estate activities
- Professional, scientific and technical activities (excluding legal activities and accounting and compliance activities, which are included in the [financial and legal activities sector](#))
- Administrative and support service activities

Note also that staff working in other sectors, but employed through employment agencies, are included in the employment activities sub-sector of this sector.

[Appendix Table A18](#) shows the number of jobs in the miscellaneous business activities sector, overall and by sub-sector, from June 2021 to June 2026.

The miscellaneous business activities sector had 6,320 jobs in June 2026, accounting for 11% of private sector jobs. The sub-sectors with the highest number of jobs were cleaning and facilities support activities (1,310), management consultancy and head offices (900), and other professional, scientific and technical activities (620).

The number of jobs saw essentially no change in jobs on an annual basis (0% change, 0 jobs) – similar to the private sector’s annual increase of 0.6%. The only notable change was an increase of 50 jobs in other professional, scientific and technical activities; other changes were of fewer than 50 jobs.

Over the last five years, since June 2026, the sector has increased by 240 jobs, a 4% increase – essentially the same as the 3.7% increase for the private sector. Three sub-sectors saw notable increases in jobs over this period:

- security and investigation activities, up 140
- management consultancy and head offices, up 100
- other professional, scientific and technical activities, up 100

This was partially offset by notable decreases in:

- cleaning activities and combined facilities support activities, down 110
- employment activities, down 90

Table A18: Jobs in the miscellaneous business activities sector by sub-sector, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sub-sector                                                                                                                                               | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 | Five-year<br>change | Five-year<br>% change |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Real estate activities                                                                                                                                   | 530    | 550    | 560    | 580    | 560    | 540    | 550    | 570    | 570    | 560    | 570    | 40                  | 8%                    |
| Management consultancy activities,<br>and activities of head offices                                                                                     | 800    | 800    | 810    | 830    | 850    | 860    | 870    | 870    | 880    | 910    | 900    | 100                 | 13%                   |
| Architectural and engineering activities<br>and related technical consultancy;<br>Technical testing and analysis; Scientific<br>research and development | 450    | 460    | 460    | 470    | 470    | 470    | 470    | 470    | 470    | 460    | 470    | 20                  | 4%                    |
| Advertising, market research, and<br>public relations and communication                                                                                  | 340    | 330    | 370    | 360    | 370    | 360    | 360    | 360    | 370    | 360    | 380    | 40                  | 12%                   |
| Other professional, scientific and<br>technical activities                                                                                               | 520    | 500    | 480    | 520    | 550    | 520    | 560    | 550    | 570    | 630    | 620    | 100                 | 19%                   |
| Rental and leasing activities                                                                                                                            | 260    | 240    | 280    | 260    | 290    | 260    | 280    | 280    | 270    | 260    | 270    | 10                  | 4%                    |
| Employment activities                                                                                                                                    | 710    | 760    | 690    | 780    | 670    | 690    | 690    | 660    | 610    | 610    | 620    | -90                 | -13%                  |
| Travel agency, tour operator and other<br>reservation service and related activities                                                                     | 150    | 130    | 170    | 160    | 180    | 150    | 180    | 150    | 170    | 150    | 170    | 20                  | 13%                   |
| Security and investigation activities                                                                                                                    | 270    | 270    | 460    | 460    | 440    | 450    | 420    | 430    | 440    | 420    | 410    | 140                 | 52%                   |
| Cleaning activities and combined<br>facilities support activities                                                                                        | 1,320  | 1,320  | 1,130  | 1,090  | 1,130  | 1,210  | 1,190  | 1,200  | 1,250  | 1,320  | 1,210  | -110                | -8%                   |
| Landscape service activities                                                                                                                             | 570    | 530    | 560    | 540    | 550    | 580    | 590    | 570    | 570    | 550    | 560    | -10                 | -2%                   |
| Office administrative, office support<br>and other business support activities                                                                           | 170    | 170    | 170    | 180    | 170    | 150    | 150    | 160    | 150    | 150    | 160    | -10                 | -6%                   |
| Miscellaneous business activities                                                                                                                        | 6,080  | 6,050  | 6,130  | 6,240  | 6,230  | 6,250  | 6,310  | 6,240  | 6,320  | 6,360  | 6,320  | 240                 | 4%                    |

## Private education, health and other services

The private education, health and other services sector includes private sector services usually provided to individuals. Services provided by the [public sector](#) are not included in this sector.

These services include the following broad sub-sectors:

- Education
- Human health and social work activities
- Public administration, defence and compulsory social security
- Arts, entertainment and recreation
- Other personal service activities
- Activities of households as employers
  - Note that such households are [exempt from requiring a business licence](#), so are not required to complete manpower returns. In contrast, the experimental [employment statistics report](#) uses additional data sources where households employing staff regularly appear, so they have a much larger impact on the private education, health and other services sector in that report (approximately 500 more jobs).
- Undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities for households' own use
- Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies

[Appendix Table A19](#) shows the number of jobs in private education, health and other services, overall and by sub-sector, from June 2021 to June 2026.

In June 2026 there were 9,780 jobs in this sector, accounting for 18% of private sector jobs. The sub-sectors with the highest number of jobs were social work activities without accommodation (2,330) and residential care activities (1,670).

The sector had an annual increase of 5% (up 440 jobs) – considerably more positive than the 0.6% increase for the private sector as a whole. The notable annual changes were increases of 160 jobs in social work activities without accommodation, and 60 jobs in both residential care activities and in sports activities and amusement and recreation activities, and gambling and betting activities. Other annual changes were of fewer than 50 jobs.

Over the last five years, since June 2021, the private education, health and other services sector increased by 1,330 jobs, a 16% increase – considerably higher than the 3.7% increase for the private sector. The largest increase was in social work activities without accommodation, up 410 jobs – a 21% increase. This was followed by: libraries, archives, museums and other cultural activities, up 250 (93%); other personal services, up 200 (42%); and other human health activities, up 100 (22%). There were no notable decreases over this period.

Table A19: Jobs in the private education, health and other services sector by sub-sector, June 2021 to June 2026

| Sub-sector                                                                                                                                                                                 | Jun 21 | Dec 21 | Jun 22 | Dec 22 | Jun 23 | Dec 23 | Jun 24 | Dec 24 | Jun 25 | Dec 25 | Jun 26 | Five-year<br>change | Five-year<br>% change |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Public administration, defence, and compulsory social security                                                                                                                             | 80     | 80     | 90     | 90     | 90     | 90     | 90     | 90     | 90     | 90     | 100    | 20                  | 25%                   |
| Pre-primary, primary, secondary and higher education                                                                                                                                       | 490    | 470    | 470    | 470    | 480    | 500    | 490    | 480    | 500    | 470    | 490    | 0                   | 0%                    |
| Other education, and educational support activities                                                                                                                                        | 750    | 750    | 730    | 710    | 750    | 730    | 750    | 770    | 810    | 790    | 830    | 80                  | 11%                   |
| Medical and dental practice activities, and hospital activities                                                                                                                            | 630    | 640    | 590    | 580    | 620    | 630    | 640    | 660    | 670    | 700    | 700    | 70                  | 11%                   |
| Other human health activities                                                                                                                                                              | 450    | 480    | 460    | 460    | 450    | 460    | 480    | 500    | 510    | 530    | 550    | 100                 | 22%                   |
| Residential care activities                                                                                                                                                                | 1,600  | 1,590  | 1,500  | 1,610  | 1,680  | 1,740  | 1,580  | 1,630  | 1,610  | 1,590  | 1,670  | 70                  | 4%                    |
| Social work activities without accommodation                                                                                                                                               | 1,920  | 1,940  | 2,010  | 2,030  | 2,000  | 2,130  | 2,140  | 2,200  | 2,170  | 2,260  | 2,330  | 410                 | 21%                   |
| Creative, arts and entertainment activities                                                                                                                                                | 160    | 180    | 180    | 180    | 190    | 190    | 190    | 190    | 200    | 210    | 220    | 60                  | 38%                   |
| Libraries, archives, museums and other cultural activities                                                                                                                                 | 270    | 280    | 350    | 340    | 420    | 420    | 480    | 460    | 520    | 500    | 520    | 250                 | 93%                   |
| Sports, amusement and recreation activities, and gambling and betting activities                                                                                                           | 790    | 820    | 810    | 790    | 820    | 750    | 790    | 780    | 820    | 780    | 880    | 90                  | 11%                   |
| Washing and (dry-)cleaning of textile and fur products, and repair of computers and personal and household goods                                                                           | 240    | 240    | 230    | 210    | 240    | 230    | 220    | 200    | 220    | 210    | 210    | -30                 | -13%                  |
| Hairdressing and other beauty treatment                                                                                                                                                    | 590    | 600    | 610    | 620    | 590    | 580    | 580    | 590    | 590    | 600    | 600    | 10                  | 2%                    |
| Other personal service activities n.e.c., funeral activities, physical well-being, activities of membership organisations, and activities of households as employers of domestic personnel | 480    | 520    | 540    | 570    | 600    | 620    | 620    | 620    | 640    | 680    | 680    | 200                 | 42%                   |
| Private education, health and other services                                                                                                                                               | 8,450  | 8,580  | 8,560  | 8,650  | 8,920  | 9,060  | 9,040  | 9,180  | 9,340  | 9,410  | 9,780  | 1,330               | 16%                   |